

LAKE LEHMAN DAM

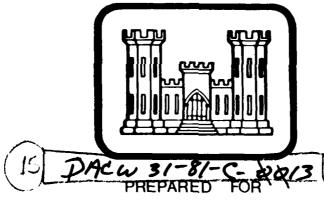
NDI NO. PA-00341

DER 10. 67-480), Susque man. River

YORK COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT,

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers

Baltimore , Maryland 21203

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Berger Associates

Harrisburg , Pennsylvania

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PREFACE

This report has been prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.



PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Name of Dam:

LAKE LEHMAN DAM

State & State No.:

PENNSYLVANIA, 67-480

County:

YORK

Stream:

POWDER MILL RUN, TRIBUTARY TO CODORUS CREEK

Date of Inspection:

October 9, 1980

Based on the visual inspection, past performance and the available engineering data, the dam and its appurtenant structures appear to be in good condition.

In accordance with the Corps of Engineers' evaluation guidelines, the size classification of this dam is intermediate and the hazard classification is high. These classifications indicate that the Spillway Design Flood (SDF) should be the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The spillway capacity is adequate for passing 43 percent of the PMF peak inflow without overtopping the dam. The spillway, therefore, is considered to be inadequate, but not seriously inadequate.

The following recommendations are presented for immediate action by the owner?

- That measures shall be taken to provide an adequate spillway capacity, which shall include the raising of the embankment profile uniformly to at least its design crest elevation;
- 2. That the downstream toe and an area 20 feet beyond the toe be cleared on a regular basis of all brush, weeds and trees, permitting close observation of the seepage;
- 3. That the slab joints in the spillway channel be filled with a joint material.
- 4. That the seepage be monitored on a regular basis. If turbidity or an increase in flow is detected, immediate action shall be taken to correct this condition.

LAKE LEHMAN DAM NDI-ID NO. PA-00341 DER-ID NO. 67-480 P.H. GLATFELTER COMPANY YORK COUNTY

- 5. That close observation be maintained of the tilted walls in the spillway. If additional movement is recorded, measures shall be taken to correct this condition.
- 6. That an operation and maintenance manual be prepared for guidance in the operation of the dam during normal and emergency conditions, and that a schedule be developed for the annual inspection of the dam and its appurtenant structures.

SUBMITTED BY:

APPROVED BY:

BERGER ASSOCIATES, INC. HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA

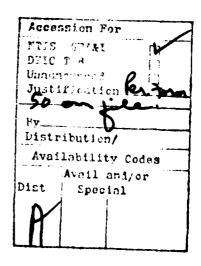
DATE: February 9, 1981

AMES W. PECK

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

District Engineer

DATE: 4MARCH 81





OVERTIEW

LAKE LEHMAN DAM

Photograph No. 1

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

LAKE LEHMAN DAM

NDI-ID NO. PA-00341 DER-ID NO. 67-480

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

A. Authority

The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspections of dams throughout the United States.

B. Purpose

The purpose of this inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life and property.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

A. Description of Dam and Appurtenances

Note:

Construction drawings indicate a normal pool elevation at elevation 114.0. The U.S.G.S. quadrangle sheet shows a pool elevation of 518.0. Elevation 518.0 is used in this report as normal pool level. All elevations on the construction drawings have to be increased by 404.0 feet for comparison.

Lake Lehman Dam, formerly known as Palingtown Dam, is a zoned earthfill structure with a total length of about 680 feet. The maximum height of the embankment is 52 feet. The spillway is located near the right abutment of the dam and has a 40.5 foot long ogee weir. Two feet high flashboards are installed on top of the weir from May to October to increase the storage capacity of the reservoir. The flashboards have collapsable supports. The intake control structure is located upstream from the crest of the dam near the left end of the embankment and is accessible by a footbridge. Two sliding gates in this tower control the flow through a 30-inch diameter outlet pipe.

B. Location:

North Codorus Township, York County U.S.G.S. Quadrangle - Seven Valleys, Pa. Latitude 39°-51.8', Longitude 76°-51.7' Appendix E, Plates I & II

D. Size Classification: Intermediate: Height - 52 feet

Storage - 635 acre-feet

D. Hazard Classification: High (Refer to Section 3.1.E.)

Ε, Ownership: P.H. Glatfelter Company Mr. P.H. Hershey, Technical Environmental Director 225 South Main Street

Spring Grove, PA 17326

F. Purpose: Water Supply and Recreation

G. Design and Construction History

The dam was designed by Gannett, Eastman & Fleming, Inc., Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. A permit for construction was issued on March 11, 1942. H.J. Williams, York, Pennsylvania, the contractor, started construction on April 1, 1942, and completed the project in November of that year. The design engineers supervised the construction. Several construction progress report: by representatives of the Commonwealth are available in the files. On September 12, 1945, a permit was issued by PennDER for the installation of a collapsable flashboard on the spillway weir from May 1 to October 15 of each year.

Normal Operating Procedures

From May 1 to October 15, two feet high flashboards are installed on top of the spillway weir to increase the storage capacity of the reservoir. The upstream gate in the intake structure is always left open. The downstream gate in this structure is regularly operated during the summer to regulate the flow to a downstream reservoir. Water is taken from this reservoir for domestic purposes in the owner's plant and in the town. All inflow above normal pool elevation is discharged through the spillway.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

Drainage Area (square miles)

3.0 From files: Computed for this report: 2.53

2.53 Use:

Discharge at Dam Site (cubic feet per second) See Appendix D for hydraulic calculations.

1282 Maximum known flood, June, 1972, estimated from records for the U.S.G.S. gaging station located on nearby Codorus Creek

	Outlet works at low-pool Elev. 485	64
	Outlet works at pool Elev. 518 (normal pool)	150
	Spillway capacity at pool Elev. 524.4 (low point of dam)	2544
	Spillway capacity with flashboards at pool Elev. 524.4	1150
c.	Elevation (feet above mean sea level)	
	Top of dam (low point)	524.4
	Top of dam (design crest)	525
	Spillway crest	518
	Top of flashboards	520.2
	Upstream portal invert	476
	Downstream portal invert	474
	Streambed at downstream toe of dam (estimate)	473
D.	Reservoir (miles)	
	Length of normal pool (Elev. 518)	.5
	Length of maximum pool (Elev. 524.4)	.7
Ε.	Storage (acre-feet)	
	Spillway crest (Elev. 518)	388
	Top of dam (Elev. 524.4)	635
F.	Reservoir Surface (acres)	
	Spillway crest (Elev. 518)	27.5
	Top of dam (Elev. 524.4)	32.5
G.	Dam	
	Refer to Plates III & IV in Appendix E for plan and	section.
	Type: Zoned earthfill.	

Length: 680 feet, including a 40.5 foot spillway.

Height: 52 feet.

Top Width: Design - 16 feet; Survey - 18 feet.

Downstream 2.0H to 1V 2.0H to 1V

*Slope is 2.5H to 1V below elevation 505.0.

Zoning: Impervious center core and coarse fill on the

outside, including stone facing on both slopes

and a downstream toe drain.

Cutoff: Trench excavated on centerline to rock and

backfilled with impervious material. A concrete cutoff wall was constructed on the centerline of the trench, three feet in rock and extending

4 feet in the trench.

Grouting: None.

H. Outlet Facilities

Type: 30" CMP with wet well located in upstream

slope.

Inlet: 30" CMP, concrete encased, into wet well.

Outlet: 30" CMP, concrete encased, downstream from wet

well.

Closure: Slide gates on both upstream and downstream

sides of wet well.

Location: Near center of dam.

I. Spillway

Type: Concrete ogee weir with flashboards.

Length

of Weir: 40.5'.

Crest

Elevation: Ogee: 518.

Top of

Flashboards: 520.2.

Location: Right abutment.

Channel: Approach - from lake.

Downstream - concrete rectangular channel with

stilling basin.

J. Regulating Outlets

See Section 1.3.H. above.

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

The available engineering data for Lake Lehman Dam are limited to a set of design drawings prepared by Gannett Eastman & Fleming, Inc., Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and a report prepared by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER) upon the application for a construction permit. Two of the three drawings are reproduced in Appendix E of this report as Plates III through VI. The third drawing, not reproduced, shows a large scale (1"=20') general plan of the dam similar to the one shown on Plate III, Appendix E. The drawings indicate all details for the embankment and appurtenant structures as designed by the engineer. The PennDER application report indicates that the spillway was designed for a discharge of 2800 cfs.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

The available construction data for these facilities include the construction specifications prepared by the engineer and some construction progress reports. Several of these reports were prepared by the design engineer who maintained field inspection during the construction. Other reports were prepared by representatives of PennDER.

Other available construction data include photographs, a geologic report by Mr. Ashley dated May 12, 1942, and a drawing indicating the as-built elevation of the concrete cutoff wall.

The contractor for the project was H.J. Williams Construction Company, York, Pennsylvania. The project started on April 1, 1942, and was completed in November of that year.

The foundations of the cutoff core wall, conduit, intake tower, and spillway were approved by PennDER. The reports and as-built drawings indicate that the bottom of the trench had to be lowered considerably to the left of the outlet pipe due to the presence of broken rock. A trench up to 12 feet deep was excavated in the left hillside. PennDER recommended grouting in this area, but there are no records indicating that this procedure was used.

During the first two months of construction, reports show that the concrete mix used was too wet and placed with poor workmanship. Most of this concrete was placed in the cutoff wall to the right of the outlet pipe. Photographs indicate that shoring and form work was used in a narrow trench to form the core wall. Borrow material for the embankment was obtained from the left and right sides of the reservoir. The topsoil was stripped under the embankment. The placing of the lower part of the embankment was criticized by PennDER. As stated in their report, The material used in the lower part of the embankment had an excess amount

of stone, consisting of "fine soapy shale" and was placed in layers up to 8 to 12 inches thick, without good compaction. By July 21, 1942, workmanship had improved considerably. The section of the core wall between the outlet pipe and the stilling basin was placed in good stiff yellow clay. Another borrow pit with better material was located about 350 yards southwest of the dam site.

The stilling basin was excavated into shale. Several sections of the spillway chute slab were placed on one or two feet deep fills. The intake tower was placed on a gravel material.

2.3 OPERATION

As soon as the reservoir filled with water, it was apparent that considerable leakage was occurring at the left abutment. Weirs were installed to measure the flow. Permission was granted to install flash-boards during the month of October in 1943 to evaluate whether or not higher pool levels would increase the leakage. The results indicate that this was the case, and the reported amounts vary from 60,000 gpd to 120,000 gpd. These amounts include the leakage through the outlet pipe gate. Recent readings are shown in Appendix B, page B-4A. The reports in general indicate that the maximum leakage has not increased over the years. Flashboards are in place from April to October each year. The boards are designed to collapse in succession by varying the spacing of the supports (Plate VII, Appendix E). Reports indicate the boards were washed away in 1972 (Agnes) and the owner's representatives stated that the board supports failed three times during the summer of 1980.

2.4 EVALUATION

A. Availability

The available engineering data discussed in this report are located in the files of PennDER at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Copies of most of the data and the more recent weir readings are also available in the files of the owner.

B. Adequacy

The available engineering data combined with the visual inspection are considered to be sufficiently adequate to make a reasonable assessment of the dam.

C. Operating Records

The operating records do not include maximum pool levels and are limited to weir readings and in-house inspection and maintenance records.

D. Post Construction Changes

Post construction changes were limited to the extension of the wingwalls on the outlet structure and the installation of the flashboards.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

A. General

The general appearance of Lake Lehman Dam is good. The slopes are protected with dumped rock and clear of brush and weeds except at the downstream toe. The toe is overgrown with heavy brush and brambles. Water was detected running in the rock toe at the left side; however, brush prevented close observation of this condition. A wet flat area is located immediately to the left of the outlet pipe. Water is flowing into the outlet channel from this seepage.

The intake tower and gate operator stands are in good condition. The spillway consists of a concrete ogee section with 26.5-inch high collapsable flashboards. The U-shaped spillway outlet channel is 600 feet long and consists of a concrete slab poured between concrete walls. All concrete work is in good condition. Some spalling has occurred and most of the slab joints are open. Some of the walls have tilted slightly.

The visual inspection check list and sketches of the general plan and profile of the dam, as surveyed during the inspection, are presented in Appendix A of this report.

Photographs taken on the day of inspection are reproduced in Appendix C. Messrs. Metzger, Bortner and Roth represented the owners during the inspection.

B. Embankment

The upstream slope is covered with dumped rock and is mostly free of weeds. The top of the dam has a 3/4-inch stone surface and is in excellent condition. The horizontal alignment is straight. The spillway crest is angled to the centerline of the dam and the small embankment on the right abutment is in line with the spillway crest. The vertical profile is up to half a foot below the design crest elevation (Plate II, Appendix A). The downstream slope has a good dumped rock protection over its full height (Photographs No. 2 and No. 3). There were no signs of unusual displacements. However, the slope is slightly concave at some locations with the steeper part near the toe. The slope was apparently constructed this way. Heavy brush and brambles are present at the downstream toe over the full length of the dam. A rock toe drain is located in this area. During the inspection water was heard running starting near the left abutment and extending to a location near the outlet ditch where the area is flat and wet. Seepage water was noticed coming through the walls of the outlet structure. The heavy brush prevented close observation of the toe. A weir is located in the

outlet channel and measures of the flow are taken on a weekly basis. At the time of inspection, the flow was measured at 3.5 inches over the weir, or about 51 gallons per minute (73,400 gpd).

C. Appurtenant Structures

The spillway, located near the right abutment, consists of a 40.5 foot wide ogee weir section. Flashboards, about two feet high, were in place on top of the weir at the time of the inspection. The owner's representatives stated that the board supports failed three times during the summer of 1980. A 2-inch diameter pipe, which is installed from the reservoir over the flashboards and into the outlet channel, acts as a siphon to provide a minimum flow of water to a small fish pond located about 800 feet west of Lake Lehman Dam.

The spillway discharge channel is a 600 foot long U-shaped channel with a stilling basin at the end. The concrete of the spillway and discharge channel are in general good condition. The slab joints are open and have lost most of their expansion joint material. Several wall sections in the stilling basin are tilted. The maximum observed deflection at the top of the wall was 2.5 inches. Reports of the owner indicate that the amount of deflection has been consistent over the last five years. The maximum height of the wall sections is about 15 feet. A 10-inch drain pipe is located in the stilling basin and appears to be a longitudinal collector under the spillway slab.

The intake structure is located on the upstream side of the dam crest and is accessible from the crest by a small footbridge. The tower platform has two gate controls. The upstream gate controls the flow from the reservoir into the control tower. This gate is always open and the tower functions as a wet well. The downstream gate is used regularly to control the discharge through the outlet pipe. The water supply intake is located at a downstream reservoir which is replenished as required by opening the gate at Lake Lehman Dam. The gate was operated at the time of inspection and is in excellent operating condition. The outlet of the 30-inch outlet pipe has a concrete headwall and wingwalls. The wingwalls were extended with stone masonry walls (Photograph No. 5).

D. Reservoir Area

The reservoir is surrounded with woodlands with moderate slopes which appear to be stable. Most of the drainage area consists of cultivated land. Moderate siltation is reported in the upstream area of the reservoir.

E. Downstream Channel

The immediate downstream area of the spillway is moderately sloping with mostly meadowlands and some wooded areas. The creek passes under Route 116 about 1700 feet downstream from the dam. A gasoline

station is located near this crossing. At the downstream side of the bridge there is a reservoir used for the water supply intake and a filter plant.

There is a potential hazard for loss of life on the highway and at the filter plant if the dam would fail. The hazard category of Lake Lehman Dam is considered to be "High."

3.2 EVALUATION

The overall visual inspection of the facilities at Lake Lehman indicate that the dam is in good condition. The brush at the toe should be removed to permit better and regular inspection of the toe. The seepage condition has been in existence for many years and the amount appears to be stable. The deflection of the spillway walls requires continued close observation. These walls are located downstream from the dam. A collapse would obstruct the discharge but not endanger the safety of the dam. The joints between spillway slabs should be filled to prevent ice damage or uplift.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

The operational procedures for Lake Lehman Dam include a yearly inhouse inspection of the facilities with an in-house report indicating necessary repairs and maintenance items. Weekly weir readings are made and reported.

The flashboards are installed around May 1 and removed around October 15 on an annual basis. Cables are attached to the flashboard permitting removal of these boards in an emergency. The gate on the intake structure is operated regularly.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

The embankment is protected with riprap and no maintenance is required. The downstream toe has been overgrown with brush and should be cleared of brush and trees.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES

The operating stands on the intake tower are greased on an annual basis and the downstream gate was easily operated on the day of inspection.

The flashboards on the spillway weir are installed and removed as required by the permit.

4.4 WARNING SYSTEM

The owners have a plan on file with PennDER indicating that all company owned dams are placed under surveillance when water rises to a level of 35 inches over the crest of Mill Dam, one of their dams.

4.5 EVALUATION

The operational procedures for Lake Lehman are good. The only recommendation is the removal of brush and the annual maintenance of the downstream toe area.

SECTION 5 - HYDROLOGY/HYDRAULICS

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES

A. Design Data

The hydrologic and hydraulic analyses available from PennDER for Lake Lehman Dam were not very extensive. No stage-discharge curve, unit hydrograph, or flood routings were contained in the PennDER files. A partial list of stage-storage data was contained in the files (Plate IV, Appendix E).

B. Experience Data

There are no official records of flood levels at Lake Lehman Dam. Based on records of the U.S.G.S. stream gage on Codorus Creek at nearby Spring Grove, Pennsylvania, the maximum inflow to Lake Lehman is estimated to be 1282 cfs. An inspection report after the June, 1972, flood states that the estimated flow over the weir was four feet. This would produce a discharge of 1257 cfs. This flood event was passed without problems.

C. Visual Observations

On the date of the inspection, no conditions were observed that would indicate that the appurtenant structures of the dam could not operate satisfactorily during a flood event until the dam is overtopped. Flashboards were in place on the spillway crest. It was reported that these fail normally during periods of high flow. A 2-inch siphon pipe was in place carrying water over the spillway crest. This pipe would washout when the flashboards fail.

D. Overtopping Potential

Lake Lehman Dam has a total storage capacity of 635 acre-feet and an overall height of 52 feet, both referenced to the top of the dam. These dimensions indicate a size classification of "Intermediate"; the hazard classification is "High" (see Section 3.1.E.).

The recommended Spillway Design Flood (SDF) for a dam having the above classification is the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). For this dam, the SDF peak inflow is 6789 cfs (see Appendix D for HEC-1 inflow computations).

Comparison of the estimated SDF peak inflow of 6789 cfs with the estimated spillway discharge capacity of 2544 cfs (without flashboards in place) indicates that a potential for overtopping of Lake Lehman Dam exists.

An estimate of the storage effect of the reservoir and routing of the computed inflow hydrograph through the reservoir shows that this dam does not have the necessary storage available to pass the SDF without overtopping. The spillway-reservoir system can pass a flood event equal to 21% of a PMF with the flashboards in place, and 43% of a PMF with the flashboards removed. These calculations are based on the present low point in the dam profile.

Although 50% of the PMF causes 0.5 foot of overtopping, with the flashboards removed, it is expected that the riprap protection on the embankment slopes would prevent failure of the embankment.

E. Spillway Adequacy

The intermediate size category and high hazard category, in accordance with the Corps of Engineers criteria and guidelines, indicates that the SDF for this dam should be the full PMF.

Calculations show that the present spillway discharge capacity and reservoir storage capacity combine to handle 43% of the PMF with the flashboards removed. Since the combined spillway discharge and reservoir storage capacity cannot pass the SDF with the flashboards removed, and since 50% of the PMF is not expected to cause failure, the spillway is judged to be inadequate, but not seriously inadequate.

If the top of the dam would be made uniform at the design elevation over its entire length and the flashboards were not in place, the project could pass 49% of the PMF without overtopping. Under this condition, 50% of the PMF would cause 0.1 foot overtopping of the embankment. This amount of overtopping is not expected to cause failure. Therefore, the spillway is considered to be inadequate but not seriously inadequate.

The hydrologic analysis for this investigation was based upon existing conditions of the watershed. The effects of future development were not considered.

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

A. Visual Observations

1. Embankment

The visual inspection of Lake Lehman Dam did not detect any signs of embankment instability. The field survey indicates that the embankment slopes are equal to the proposed slopes on the design drawings. The slopes are considered to be adequate for the height of the dam under consideration. The profile of the dam indicates that the crest is fairly level and slightly below its design crest elevation. The downstream slope is protected with heavy riprap and would be stable under a limited amount of overtopping.

The seepage in the left abutment is considerable; however, it appears to have been a constant amount over the years, with slight variation due to pool level (refer to page B-4A, Appendix B).

2. Appurtenant Structures

The spillway and chute appear to be in good condition with the exception of the slight tilting of some of the wall sections. Reports indicate that the amount of deflection has been stable over the recent years. The control tower, the gate operator stand and the outlet structure are in good condition without signs of instability.

B. Design and Construction Data

1. Embankment

The design data indicates a well designed embankment with a cutoff trench and cutoff wall keyed into an impervious material. The construction had some poor workmanship. This could be the origin of some of the leakage. The quality of the rock in the left hillside indicates that leakage could occur around the end of the cutoff wall and through the foundation.

2. Appurtenant Structures

The design drawings indicate that the spillway weir was keyed into rock and that cutoff walls were to be constructed into the embankment. All spillway and stilling basin walls are gravity type walls. Backfill was placed behind the walls over most of the chute length (Plate III, Appendix E). The footing width of the walls is 0.4 times the height of the walls. This ratio is adequate for rock foundation and for drained backfill. Construction data indicates, however,

that not all walls were founded on rock and design drawings do not indicate drainage filters behind the walls. These conditions probably caused some of the tilting of the walls. These deflections are not considered to be serious at the present time. The outlet pipe is encased in concrete and has been constructed with anti-seepage collars.

C. Operating Records

Records indicate that leakage has occurred since the initial filling of the reservoir. The maximum flow over the spillway occurred during Agnes (1972) and a report indicates that no damage occurred.

D. Post Construction Changes

To prevent washouts at the outlet structure, the wingwalls were extended and riprap was placed in the channel. The design drawings indicate only one gate in the intake structure. A second gate was, however, constructed at the downstream outlet side of the control tower.

Flashboards with supports at varying spacing were installed in 1945 to increase the storage capacity during the summer months and early fall.

E. Seismic Stability

This dam is located in Seismic Zone 1, and it is considered that the static stability is sufficient to withstand minor earthquake induced dynamic forces. No studies or calculations have been made to confirm this assumption.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

A. Safety

The visual inspection of the dam and the review of the construction drawings indicate that Lake Lehman Dam is in good condition and was designed in accordance with acceptable engineering practices. The field inspection did not detect any signs of instability. The leakage at the left downstream toe is of some concern, but appears to have been constant over the past 35 years.

The hydrologic and hydraulic computations indicate that the combination of storage capacity and the spillway discharge capacity is insufficient to pass the SDF without overtopping the dam. The spillway is considered to be inadequate, but not seriously inadequate. If the top of dam would be made uniform at the design elevation, the spillway would pass about 49 percent of the PMF.

B. Adequacy of Information

The design information contained in the files combined with the visual inspection are considered sufficiently adequate for making a reasonable assessment of this dam.

C. Urgency

The recommendations presented below should be implemented immediately.

D. Additional Studies

Additional investigations are required to determine measures necessary to provide an adequate spillway capacity unless the crest of the dam is restored to its original design crest elevation.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

In order to assure the continued satisfactory operation of this dam, the following recommendations are presented for immediate implementation by the owner:

1. That measures shall be taken to provide an adequate spillway capacity, which shall include the raising of the embankment profile uniformly to at least its design crest elevation.

- 2. That the downstream toe and an area 20 feet beyond the toe be cleared on a regular basis of all brush, weeds and trees, permitting close observation of the seepage.
- That the slab joints in the spillway channel be filled with a joint material.
- 4. That the seepage be monitored on a regular basis. If turbidity or an increase in flow is detected, immediate action shall be taken to correct this condition.
- 5. That close observation be maintained of the tilted walls in the spillway. If additional movement is recorded, measures shall be taken to correct this condition.
- 6. That an operation and maintenance manual be prepared for guidance in the operation of the dam during normal and emergency conditions, and that a schedule be developed for the annual inspection of the dam and its appurtenant structures.

APPENDIX A

CHECK LIST OF VISUAL INSPECTION REPORT

CHECK LIST

PHASE I - VISUAL INSPECTION REPORT

PA DER # 67-480	NDI NO. PA-00 341
NAME OF DAM Lake Lehman Dam	HAZARD CATEGORY High
TYPE OF DAM Earthfill	
LOCATION North Codorus TOWNSHIP	York COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
INSPECTION DATE 10/9/80 WEATHER Su	nny, clear TEMPERATURE 60's
INSPECTORS: R. Houseal (Recorder)	OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE(5):
H. Jongsma	Larry R. Metzger
R. Shireman	Robert B. Bortner
A. Bartlett	Joe Roth
NORMAL POOL ELEVATION: 518 (U.S.G.S.) BREAST ELEVATION: 525 (Design) SPILLWAY ELEVATION: 518.0	POOL ELEVATION: 519.9
MAXIMUM RECORDED POOL ELEVATION: No rec	cords
GENERAL COMMENTS:	
nized pipe serves as a siphon over the Water used as domestic water in the pla	nd downstream, are uniform. A 2" galva- spillway for water supply to a fish pond

VISUAL INSPECTION EMBANKMENT

	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS
A. SURFACE CRACKS	None observed.
B. UNUSUAL MOVEMENT BEYOND TOE	None observed.
DETOND TOE	
C. SLOUGHING OR EROSION	None observed.
OF EMBANKMENT OR ABUTMENT SLOPES	Downstream slope slightly concave.
D. ALIGNMENT OF CREST:	
HORIZONTAL: VERTICAL:	Horizontal - good. Vertical - Refer to profile Plate A-II.
	Refer to profite 11ste in 11
E. RIPRAP FAILURES	None observed.
F. JUNCTION EMBANKMENT	All junctions with the embankment appear
& ABUTMENT OR SPILLWAY	sound.
G. SEEPAGE	Seepage along the left toe of embankment
	beginning below the elevation of the water surface. Swampy to outlet.
	surface. Swampy to outlet.
H. DRAINS	None observed.
J. GAGES & RECORDER	Weir located in the outlet channel.
	V-notch with 3-1/2" flow.
K. COVER (GROWTH)	Top - 3/4" stone surface. Upstream
	and downstream slopes are covered with
	dumped rock 6"-18" size. Heavy brush at toe.
L	

VISUAL INSPECTION OUTLET WORKS

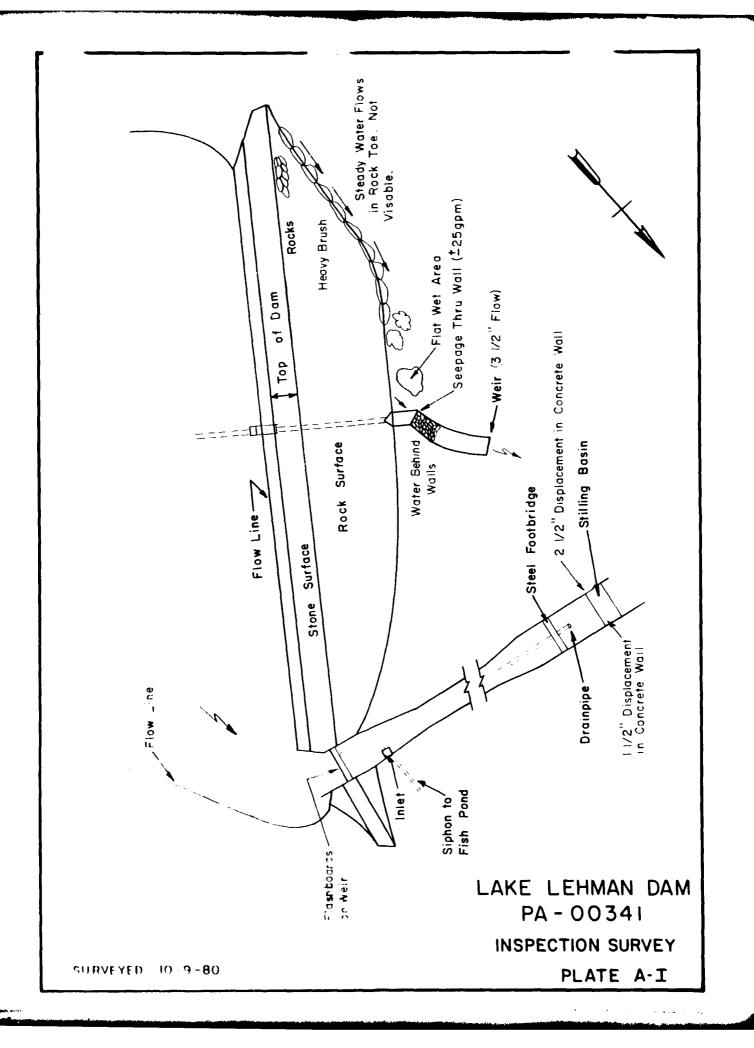
	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS
A. INTAKE STRUCTURE	Concrete tower supporting exposed gate lifts. Gate crank chained to the lift. Good condition.
B. OUTLET STRUCTURE	Concrete walls. Walls extended with cemented stone walls.
C. OUTLET CHANNEL	Natural stream.
D. GATES	Two on tower. Downstream gate operated easily. Upstream gate normally open.
E. EMERGENCY GATE	Same as above.
F. OPERATION ε CONTROL	Downstream gate operated often in summertime. Greased annually.
G. BRIDGE (ACCESS)	Concrete deck directly from the top of the embankment to tower.

VISUAL INSPECTION SPILLWAY

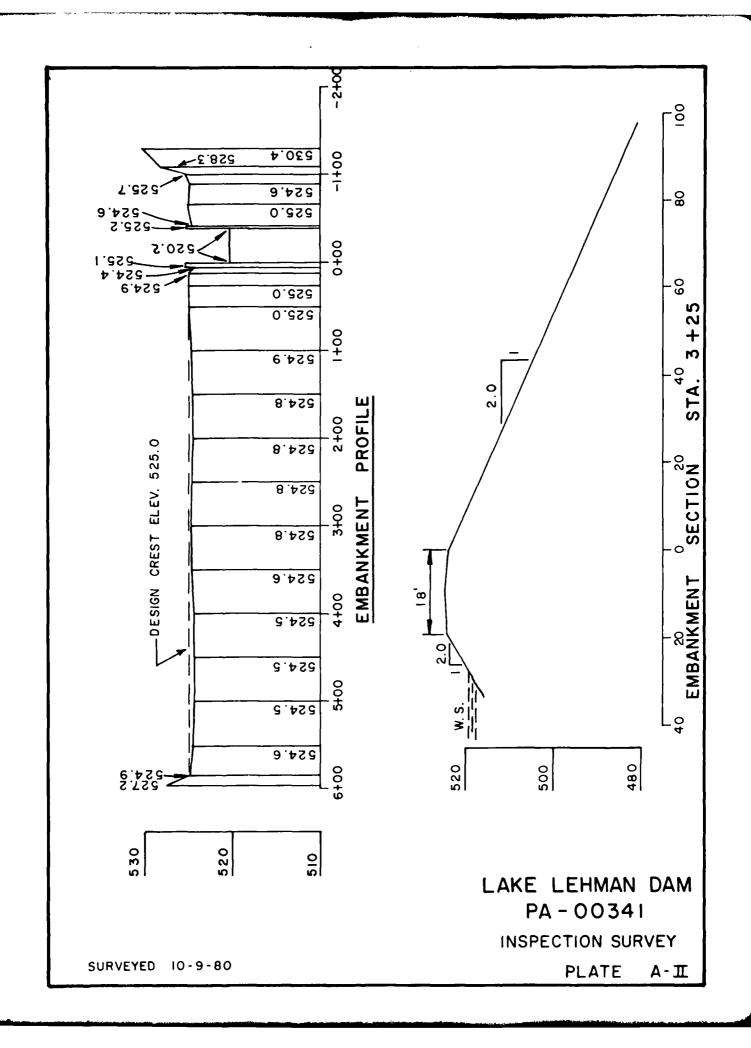
	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS
A. APPROACH CHANNEL	Spillway located about 60 feet from right end of the embankment. Approach is directly from reservoir.
B. WEIR: Crest Condition Cracks Deterioration Foundation Abutments	Concrete ogee section with 10 flashboards (26-1/2" high) supported with fail rods. (Boards failed at least three times during summer 1980.) Concrete is in good condition. 2" pipe siphon across spillway for water supply to fish pond.
C. DISCHARGE CHANNEL: Lining Cracks Stilling Basin	Spillway walls shows fine map cracking on surface - some leaching of lime. Slabs in spillway outlet channel appear good. No serious cracks or breaks. Spillway slab joints material worn out. Joints should be sealed. Some wall sections have tilted slightly.
D. BRIDGE & PIERS	None over spillway crest. Footbridge several hundred feet downstream from the spillway across the spillway outlet channel.
E. GATES & OPERATION EQUIPMENT	Flashboards control - in place between May and October.
F. CONTROL & HISTORY	Water used primarily for domestic use in Spring Grove. Can be used for industrial purposes. Owner treats water for public use.

VISUAL INSPECTION

	OBSERVATIONS AND REMARKS
INSTRUMENTATION	
Monumentation	None.
Observation Wells	None.
Weirs	One weir in use located in the downstream channel of the outlet pipe.
Piezometers	None.
Staff Gauge	None.
Other	None.
RESERVOIR	
Slopes	Wooded.
Sedimentation	Moderate siltation at upstream end.
Watershed Description	Some woodlands, mostly agriculture.
DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL	
Condition	Meadowlands with some wooded areas.
Slopes	Moderately sloping.
Approximate Population	Varies, travellers on highway.
No. Homes	Route 116 and gasoline station immediately downstream. Dam and filter plant on downstream side of highway.



The second secon



APPENDIX B
CHECK LIST OF ENGINEERING DATA

CHECK LIST ENGINEERING DATA

PA DER # 67-480

NDI NO. PA-00341

NAME OF DAM LAKE LEHMAN DAM

ITEM	REMARKS
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	Design drawings. One marked-up drawing indicating depth of cutoff wall as built.
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	U.S.G.S. Quadrangle - Seven Valleys, Pa. See Plate II, Appendix E
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	Permit issued March 11, 1942. Constructor, H.J. Williams Construction Co., York, Pennsylvania, started April 1, 1942. Completed November, 1942. Initial construction period had poor concrete quality.
GENERAL PLAN OF DAM	Plate III, Appendix E.
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	Plate IV, Appendix E.
OUTLETS: PLAN DETAILS CONSTRAINTS DISCHARGE RATINGS	Plates III & IV, Appendix E. 30-inch pipe closed off in manhole with sliding gate. None.

ENGINEERING DATA

ITEM	REMARKS
RAINFALL & RESERVOIR RECORDS	Some records in PennDER files for periods between 1943 and 1951. These were recorded in connection with leakage.
DESIGN REPORTS	No.
GEOLOGY REPORTS	A letter by George H. Ashley written after construction was started in PennDER files.
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS: HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	None.
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS: BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	None.
POST CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None, except weir measurements.
BORROW SOURCES	Construction progress reports indicate borrow areas to be loacted in the reservoir area on both hillside and at a place 1050 feet southwest of dam.

ENGINEERING DATA

ITEM	REMARKS
MONITORING SYSTEMS	Weirs placed in 1943 to monitor leakage.
MODIFICATIONS	Outlet pipe extended with a U-shaped channel.
HIGH POOL RECORDS	None. Estimated in a report at four feet over weir in June, 1972.
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES & REPORTS	None. The owner makes an annual maintenance report in-house. Weir readings are available.
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM Description: Reports:	None.
MAINTENANCE & OPERATION RECORDS	Some maintenance report.
SPILLWAY PLAN, SECTIONS AND DETAILS	See Plates III, V & VI, Appendix E.

ENGINEERING DATA

ITEM	REMARKS
OPERATING EQUIPMENT, PLANS & DETAILS	Upstream gate detailed on design drawings. Details of flashboards on Plate VII, Appendix E.
CONSTRUCTION RECORDS	One drawing indicating as-built elevation of concrete core wall. Several construction progress reports prepared by PennDER and the engineer. Several construction photographs.
PREVIOUS INSPECTION REPORTS & DEFICIENCIES	Some inspection reports by PennDER. Seepage has been reported since construction was completed. The bituminous joint sealer in the spillway slab appears to be washed out many times.
MISCELLANEOUS	

LAKE LEHMAN LEAKAGE DATA AND FLOOD CONTROL INSPECTION

Leakage Measurements

Leakage readings are obtained below all reservoirs by Joe Roth on a routine basis. Listed below is a summary of the last two years of monthly readings compared to that obtained in the middle of years 1970-78.

		Inches(a)		Lake Level ^(b)
Year	<u>Date</u>	Over Weir	GPM (a)	Inches Over Spillway
1970	7-15	4 1/4	85	+24
1971	7-15	4	74	+24
1972	7-14	3 1/2	52	+8
1973	7-15	3 3/4	63	+24
1974	9-20	3 1/2	52	+24
1975	7-18	2	12	+24
1976	8-18	3	34	+24
1977	8-19	Weir out		+24
1978	9-13	3 1/4	42	+24
1979	1-16	3 1/4	42	+24
19/9	2-28	4	74	+24
	3-14	3 3/4	63	+24
	4-18	3 3/4	63	+24
	5-17	3 7/8	68	+24
	6-14	4	74	+24
	7-19	4	74	+24
	8-15	4	74	+24
	9-15	4	74	-3
	10-15	Draining		-12
	11-14	Draining		-14
•	12-14	4 3/8	91	+21
1000	1 17	4 1/8	79	+24
1980	1-17 2-15	4 1/8	79	+24
	3 - 19	4 3/4	110	+24
	4-17	4 3/4	110	+24
	5-15	4	74	+4
	6-12	Draining		+2
	7-17	4 1/2	97	+24
	8-19	4	74	+24
	9-23	3 3/4	63	+24

⁽a) Leakage determined at V-notch weir located in normal drainage ditch below the center of the dam breast.

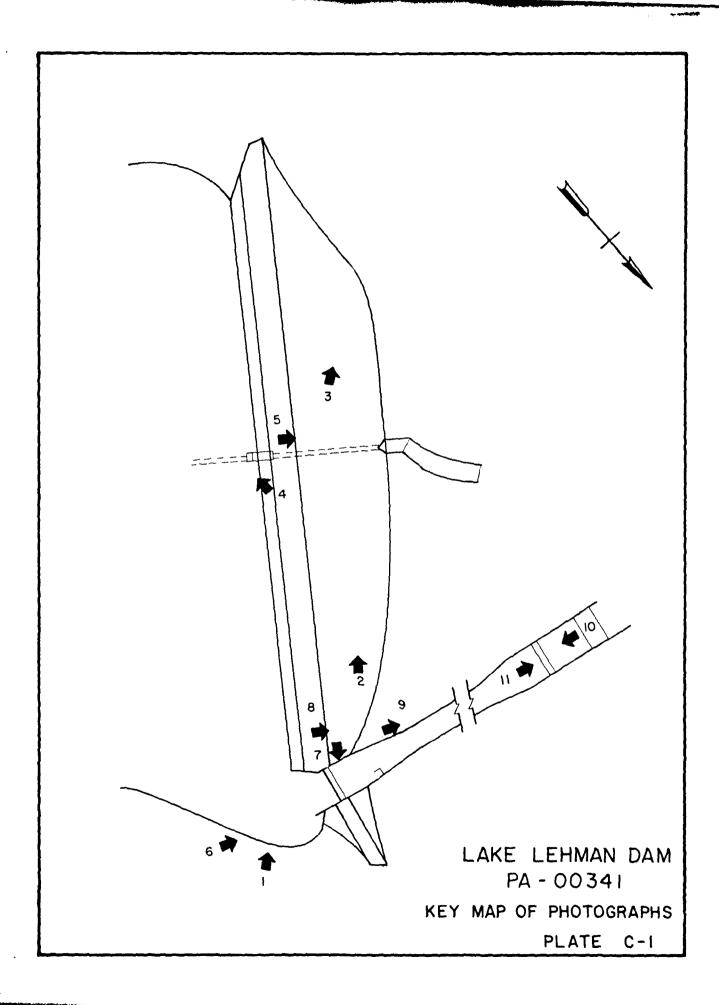
⁽b)Flashboards are installed 5/15 - 10/15 raising level 2 feet above spillway.

CHECK LIST HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARA	ACTERISTICS:	Farmland			
ELEVATION:					-
TOP NORMAL PO	OL & STORAGE	CAPACITY:	Elev. 518	Acre-Feet	388
TOP FLOOD CON	TROL POOL & S	STORAGE CAP	ACITY: <u>Elev. 524.4</u>	Acre-Feet	635
MAXIMUM DESIG	N POOL: <u>Ele</u>	ev. 525			
			525.0 as designed.		
SPILLWAY:					
a. Elevation	518				
b. Type Con			flashboards.		
c. Width 4	0.5'				
			ent.		
			2.		
OUTLET WORKS:					
a. Type <u>30"</u>	diameter CM	P with slic	le gates in wet we	·11.	
			enter of dam.		
			Slide gate.		
HYDROMETEOROLOGICA					
a. Type _N	one.				
MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGII					

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS

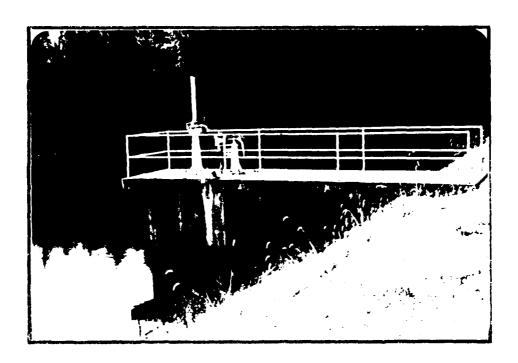




GENERAL VIEW OF DOWNSTREAM SLOPE - NO. 1



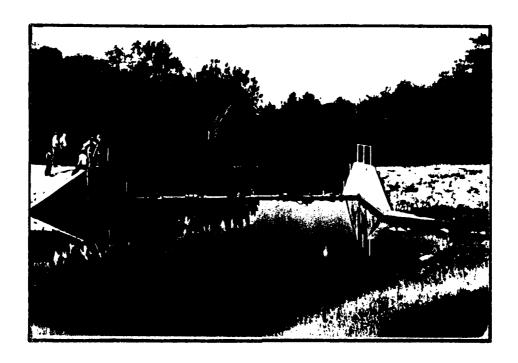
THEW OF BRUSH AT DOWNSTRIAM FOR - NO. 3



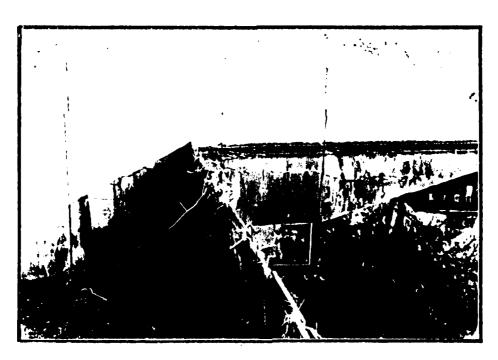
DUSTREAM CONTROL TOWER WITH FOOTBRIDGE - NO. 4



COURT CHAZZIL NO. 5 NOTE: USICED KINGWALLS



FOREBAY & SPILLWAY ABUTMENT WALLS - NO. 6



FLASHBOARDS ON SPILLWAY - NO. 7



SPILLWAY CHANNEL WITH FOOTBRIDGE - NO. 8



TILLED WALL OF SPILLWAY CHANNEL - NO. 9



STILLING BASIN LOOKING UPSTREAM - NO. 10



DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL - NO. 11 HOUE: TILTED WALL

APPENDIX D
HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) DAM SAFETY VERSION

The hydrologic and hydraulic evaluation for this inspection report has employed computer techniques using the Corps of Engineers computer program identified as the Flood Hydrograph Package (HEC-1) Dam Safety Version.

The program has been designed to enable the user to perform two basic types of hydrologic analyses: (1) the evaluation of the overtopping potential of the dam, and (2) the capability to estimate the downstream hydrologic-hydraulic consequences resulting from assumed structural failures of the dam. A brief summary of the computation procedures typically used in the dam overtopping analysis is shown below.

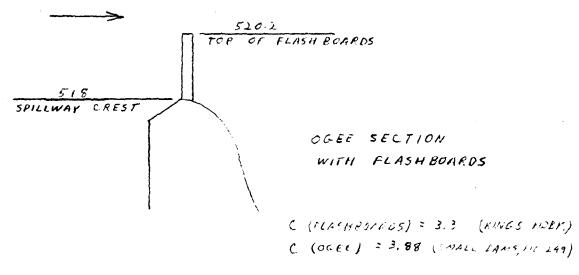
- Development of an inflow hydrograph to the reservoir.
- Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s) through the reservoir to determine if the event(s) analyzed would overtop the dam.
- Routing of the outflow hydrograph(s) of the reservoir to desired downstream locations. The results provide the peak discharge and maximum stage of each routed hydrograph at the outlet of the reach.

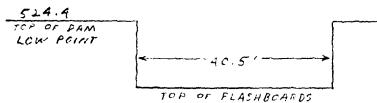
The output data provided by this program permits the comparison of downstream conditions just prior to a breach failure with that after a breach failure and the determination as to whether or not there is a significant increase in the hazard to loss of life as a result of such a failure.

The results of the studies conducted for this report are presented in Section 5.

For detailed information regarding this program refer to the Users Manual for the Flood Hydrograph Package (HEC-1) Dam Safety Version prepared by the Hydrologic Engineering Center, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Davis, California.

SPILLWAY RATING





Q = C LH 3/2

WITH FLASHEDARDS, H = 524.4-520.1 = 4.2'
WITHOUT FLASHBOARDS, H = 524.4-518 = 6.4'

WITH FURSHBOARDS

= 1150 055

11 ITHOU, FLASHBOANDS

= 2544 015

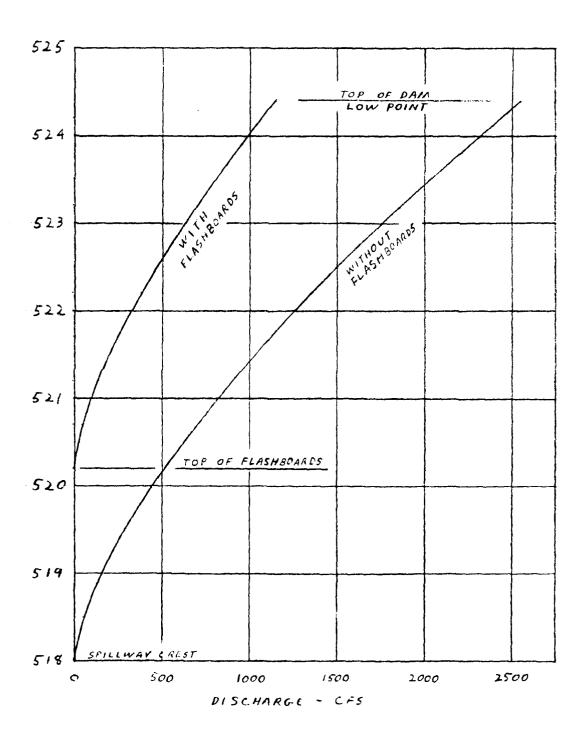
CHKD. BY DATE LAKE LEHMAN DAM

BERGER ASSOCIATES

SHEET NO. 2 OF 9

PROJECT DO 5 90

SPILLWAY RATING CURVE



SHEET NO. 3 OF 8___ PROJECT DOSGO

CHKO. BY DATE LANG LEHMAN DAM

DISCHARGE I HROUGH CUTLET WORKS

30" DIA. CMP WITH SCIDE GATES IN WET WELL INVERT LLEV. = 476

Q: CA VZgH

C= 0.6 (AMES HOBA.)

AT POOL LEVEL : 518

H= 518 - 477,5: 40.5'

 $Q = 0.6 \times Tr \times (2.5)^{2} \times (2 \times 32.2 \times 40.5)^{0.5}$

= 150.4 54 150 Crs

AT LOW FOOL LEVEL = 485

H = 485 - 477.5 = 7.5 '

Q = 0.6 x 17 x (2.5) 4 x (2 x 32.2 x 7.5) 0.5

= 64.7 SAY 64 CAS

CHKD. BY DATE LAKE LEHMAN DAM

EMEANKMENT RATING

GICLH 3/2

AT CLEV 527

E 5155 CKS

C = 2.7 (North MULL) AT ELEV 525 2,7 × 24 × (-2) 2.7 × 15 × (.2) 15 = 2.7 x 4 x (.2)"= 27 x 9 < (35) 2.7 × 15 × (.05) 10 = 2.7 K 50 x (50) 2.7 x 50 x (11) 115 + 2.7 x 150x (.2) 15: 2.7 x 50 x (3) 22 27 x 50 x (.45) 27 * 100 1 (16) 15. 95 2.7 x 50 x (.Ac) 16: 41 27 x 32 x /24)"5 11 2.7 x 1 x (00)15. £ = 274 CF5 AT CLCV 525.5 2.7 x 24 x (.7) 15 = 38 2.7 × 25 × (.7) 1.5 = 40 2.7 x 9 x (.45) "= 7 2.7 x 9 x (.gr)"= 19 2.7 x 15 x (155) " = 17 2.7 x20 x (5) 10 = 24 27 x 50 x (30) 5 55 27 x 50 x ((6)) 71 2.7 x 150 x (.7) 15 237 2.7 x 50 x (5)15 = 97 2.7 x 50 x (.9c) 15. 125 2.7 × 100 × (11" 270 2 7 x 50 x (.90) 129 2.7 × 32 × (,74) 132 56 $27 \times 4 \times (3)^{16} = 2$ 6 1183 CFS £ = 2489 CF5 77 ELEV 526

CHKD. BY DATE

LAKE LEHMAN DAM

MAXIMUM KNOWN FLOOD AT DAMSITE

THERE ARE NO RECORDS OF POOL LEVELS FOR THIS DAM. BASED ON THE RECORDS OF THE GAGING STATION FOR CODORUS CREEK AT SPRING GROVE PA (D.A. 75.5 SAMI) THE MAXIMUM DISCHARGE AT THE GAGE OCCURRED IN JUNE 1972 WHEN A DISCHARGE OF 19,400 CFS WAS OBSERVED. THE MAXIMUM INFLOW TO LAKE LEHMAN IS ESTIMATED TO BE:

$$Q = \left(\frac{2.53}{75.5}\right)^{0.8} \times 19400$$

= 1282 CFS

AN ESTIMATE OF THE FLOOD LEVEL FROM THIS STORM, CONTAINED IN THE PENNDER FILES, INDICATED A DEPTH OF FLOW OVER THE WEIR OF 4 OR ABOUT 1257 CFS.

DESIGN FLUOD

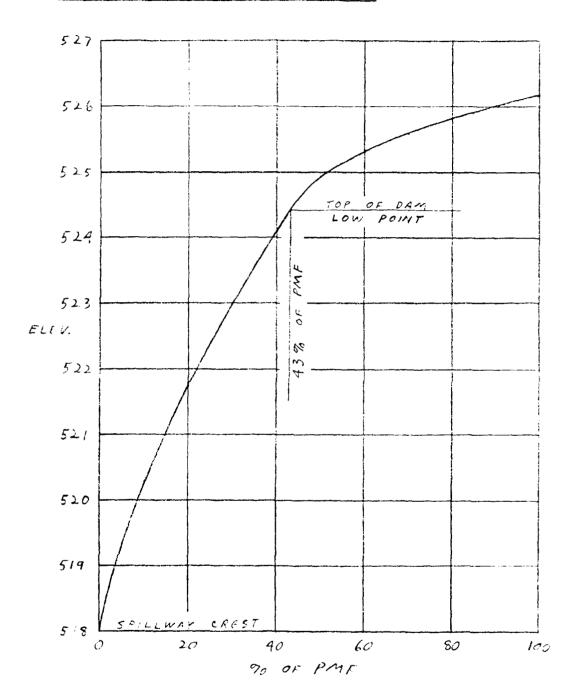
SIZE CLASSIFICATION MAXIMUM STORAGE = 635 ACRE-FEET MAXIMUM HEIGHT = 52 FEET SIZE CLASSIFICATION IS INTERMEDIATE

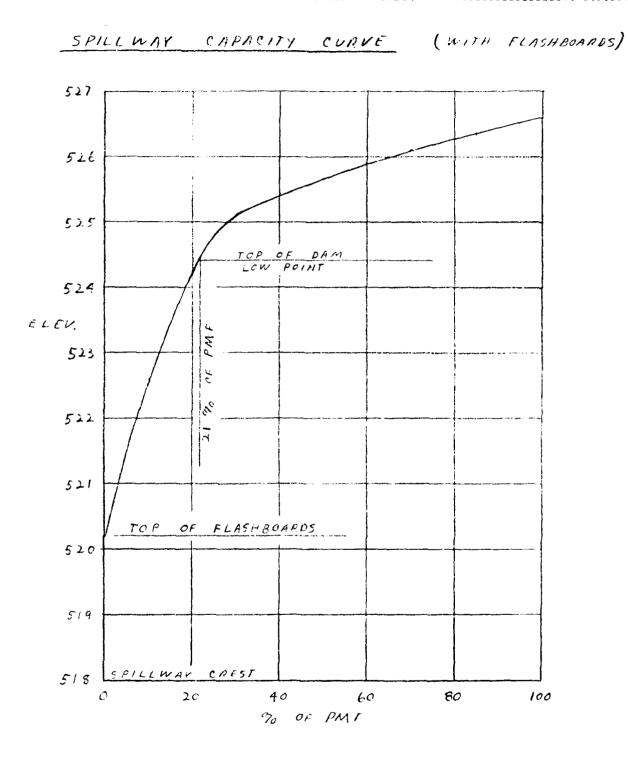
HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

1. SMALL DAM AND AN INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX ARE LOCATED ALONG THE DOWNSTREAM CHARACL. USE "HIGH"

RECOMMENDED SPILLWAY DESIGN FLOOD THE ABOVE CLASSIFICATIONS INDICATE USE OF AN SOF EQUAL TO THE PROBABLE MAXIMUM FLOOD.

SPILLWAY CAPACHY CURVE (NIMOUT FLASHBOALDS)

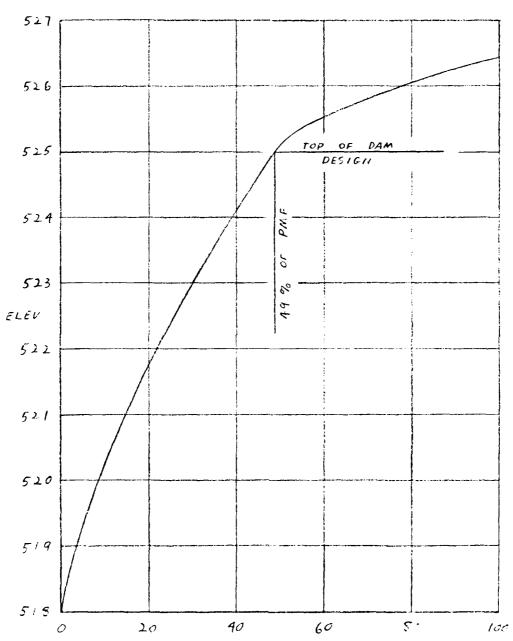




SPILLWAY CAPACITY CURVE

DESIGN

WITHOUT FLASHBOARDS



HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS DATA BASE

NAN	ME OF DAM: Lake Lehman	Dam	_ RIVER BASIN:	Susquehanna	ı
	BABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPI			INCHES	
LFOR	FOOTNOTES SEE NEXT PAGE)	·			·
	STATION	l l	2	3	4
STATI	ON DESCRIPTION	Lake Lehman	Lake Lehman Dam		
DRAIN	AGE AREA (SQUARE MILES)	2.53			
	ATIVE DRAINAGE AREA	2.53	2.53		
ADJUSTMENT OF PMP FOR	6 HOURS 12 HOURS 24 HOURS 48 HOURS 72 HOURS 72 HOURS Zone 6	113 123 132 142			
Æ	ZONE (3)	J.5A			
HYDROGRAPH AETERS	Cp/Ct ⁽⁴⁾	.54/1.15			
YDR(L (MILES) (5)	2.77			
RAME	L _{co} (MILES) (5)	1.29			
SNYDER HYDROG PARAMETERS	$T_p = C_t \left(L \cdot L_{co} \right)^{0.3}$ (Hours)	1.69		Without	
DATA	CREST LENGTH (FT.)		Flashboards 40.5	Flashboards 40.5	
O	FREEBOARD (FT.)		4.2	6.4	
l ≱	DISCHARGE COEFFICIENT		3.3	3.88	
PILLWAY	EXPONENT		1.5	1.5	
S P	ELEVATION		520.2	518	
(6)	NORMAL POOL (518)	27.5			
AREA (6) (ACRES)	ELEV	39.5			
(A A	ELEV	62.4			
_	NORMAL POOL (7) (518)	388.5			
STORAGE ACRE - FEET)	7 (家)	0			
0 R - A R	ELEV	86.2			
ST (AC	ELEV520 (8)	455.1 1465.4			

- (1) Hydrometeorological Report 33 (Figure 1), U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, 1956.
- (2) Hydrometeorological Report 33 (Figure 2), U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, 1956.
- (3) Hydrological zone defined by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for determining Snyder's Coefficients (C_p and C_t).
- (4) Snyder's Coefficients.
- $(5)_{L}$ = Length of longest water course from outlet to basin divide. L_{ca} = Length of water course from outlet to point opposite the centroid of drainage area.
- (6) Planimetered area encompased by contour upstream of dam.
- (7)_{PennDER files.}
- (8) Computed by conic method.

בששע מוניהטטתורו דונהוטב נחבנ-1/ DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978 N./FBDS LAST HODIFICATION 26 FEB 79 ******************* LAKE LEHHAN DAN **** POWDER HILL CREEK Al NORTH CODORUS TWP., YORK COUNTY, PA. A2 A3 NDI # FA-00341 PA DER # 67~480 15 В 300 0 0 5 **B1** J 1 1 7 J1 ٠85 .7 .6 ٠5 .3 .2 t K INFLOW HYDROGRAPH K1 2.53 Ħ 1 1 10 P 132 11 23,6 113 123 142 .05 12 7 1 13 1.69 .54 14 X -1.5 -.05 2 2 15 1 1 RESERVOIR ROUTING 16 K1 17 Y 1 18 Y1 455.1 1 -1 19 Y4 520.2 522 523 525 525.5 521 524 524.4 526 527 323 20 **Y**5 96 626 990 0 1150 1679 2814 4356 8323

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

RUNDFF HYDROGRAPH AT
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO
END OF NETWORK

15********************

\$A

\$E 476

\$\$ 520.2

\$0 524.4

99

27.5

518

39.5

520

62,4

540

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAN SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

RUN DATE* 80/11/20. TIME* 06.40.30.

21

22

23

24

25

1

LAKE LEHMAN DAM **** POWDER HILL CREEK NORTH CODORUS TWP., YORK COUNTY, PA. NOI # FA-00341 FA DER # 67-480

JOB SPECIFICATION NHR NINK IDAY IHR IMIN METEC **IPLT** ND **IFRT** NSTAN 300 0 15 0 0 0 0 0 JOPER TWN LROPT TRACE 5 0 ٥

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 9 LRTIQ= 1

RTIOS= 1.00 .85 .70 .60 .50 .40 .30 .20 .10

1274412777 127277777 177254777 277777777 772342321

1111111 1111111

INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

SNAP TRSDA TRSPC RATIO ISNOW ISAME LOCAL IHYDG IUHG TAREA 1 1 2.53 0.00 2.53 0.00 0.000 0 0 0

PRECIP DATA

SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96 0.00 23.60 113.00 123.00 132.00 142.00 0.00 0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800

LOSS DATA

LROPT STRKR DLTKR RTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOK STRTL CASTL ALSMX RTIMP

> UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA TP= 1.69 CP= .54 NTA= 0

> > RECESSION DATA

STRT0= -1.50 QRCSN= -.05 RTIOR= 2.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 48 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 1.69 HOURS, CP= .54 VOL= 1.00 27. 100. 200. 315. 420. 493. 527. 507. 454. 402. 170. 355. 314. 278. 246. 218. 193. 151. 133. 118. 92. 82, 72, 64, 57, 50. 104. 44. 39. 35. 21. 17. 31. 27. 24. 15. 12. 19. 13. 8. 9. 7. 5. 4. 6.

END-OF-FERIOD FLOW MO.DA HR.MN FERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN FERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q

> SUM 26.81 24.41 2.40 151309. (681.)(620.)(61.)(4567.76)

******* ******* ******** ******* ********

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

RESERVOIR ROUTING

ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAFE JPLT JERT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 ROUTING DATA GLOSS CLOSS AVG IRES ISAME IOPT IFMP LSTR 0.0 0.000 0.00 0 1 NSTFS NSTDL LAG AMSKK X TSK STORA ISPRAT 1 0 0 0.000 0.000 0.000 455. -1

STAGE 520.20 521.00 522.00 523.00 524.00 525.00 525.50 524.40 526.00 527.00 96.00 303.00 608.00 900.00 1111 00 1470 55 FLOW 0.00

	;			1	1*** **		111	******	•	*****	***	**	*****		
							HYDROGR								3
				RI	ESERVO:	IR ROL	ITING	NG							
			QL		ISTAO 2 CLOSS	ICONF 1 AVG	. 0 Rout	ITAFE O ING DAT ISAME	JPLT 0 A IOPT	JFRT 0 IPMP	INAME 1	ISTAGE 0 LSTR	IAUTO O		
					0.000	0.00		0	0	0		0			
				ì	NSTPS 1	NSTDL C		AMSKK 0.000	0,000	TSK 0.000	STORA 455.	ISPRAT -1			
S1	TAGE	520.20	5:	21.00	53	22.00	523.00	5	24 .00	524.40	5	25.00	525.50	526.00	527.00
F	LOW.	0.00	Ģ	76.00	33	23.00	626.00	9	90.00	1150.00	16	79.00	2814.00	4356.00	8323.00
SURF	FACE AREA	= 0	,	28	•	40.	62.								
	CAFACITY:	= 0	,	385	•	452.	1462.								
E	ELEVATION	= 476	•	518	•	520.	540.								
				CREU 520.2		JID O.O	0.0 EX			0.0 CAR		XPL 0.0			
							TOPEL 524.4	DAM COOD 0.0	DATA EXPD 0.0	DAMWID 0.					
PEAK (OUTFLOW IS	S 6757.	AT	TIME	41.50	HOURS									
PEAK (OUTFLOW I	S 5744	AT	TIHE	41.50	HOURS									
PEAK (OUTFLOW I	S 4730	. AT	TIHE	41.50	HOURS									•
PEAK (OUTFLOW I	S 4040	. AT	TIME	41.50	HOURS									
PEAK (OUTFLOW I	S 3365	AT	TIME	41.50	HOURS									
PEAK (OUTFLOW IS	S 2653	AT	TIME	41.50	HOURS									
PEAK (OUTFLOW I	S 1904	. AT	TIME	42.00	HOURS									

1

PEAK DUTFLOW IS 1088. AT TIME 42.75 HOURS

*EAK OUTFLOW IS 509. AT TIME 43.00 HOURS

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE FLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS FER SECOND) AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOHETERS)

						RATIOS AP	PLIED TO FI	LOWS				
OPERATION	STATION	area	PLAN	RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3	RATIO 4	RATIO 5	RATIO 6	RATIO 7	RATIO 8	RATIO 9
				1.00	•85	.70	•60	.50	.40	.30	.20	.10
HYDROGRAPH AT	1	2.53	1	6789.	5771.	4752.	4073.	3394.	2716.	2037.	1358.	679.
	(6.55)	(192,24)(163.40)(134,57)(115.34)(96.12)(76.90)(57.67)(38,45)(19.22)
ROUTED TO	2	2.53	1	6757•	5744.	4730.	4040.	3365.	2653.	1904.	1088.	509.
	(6.55)	(191.33)(162.64)(133.94)(114.39)(95.29)(75.14)(53.91)(30.80)(14.42)
1					CHMMVDA UI	THAM CAPE	TOVIAKA YT	c				

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

ſ	PLAN	1	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL 520 4		SPILLWAY CR 520.20 460. 0.	ı	OF DAM 524.40 635. 1150.	
			0011 20#		•	٧,		11001	
		RATIO	HAXIHUH	MAXIMUM	HUMIXAM	MAXIHUM	DURATION	TIME OF	TIME OF
		OF	RESERVOIR	DEPTH	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	OVER TOP	MAX OUTFLOW	FAILURE
		PMF	W.S.ELEV	OVER DAM	AC-FT	CFS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
		1.00	526.61	2.21	735.	6757.	8.50	41.50	0.00
		∙85	526.35	1.95	723.	5744.	7.75	41.50	0.00
		•70	526.09	1.69	712.	4730+	7.00	41.50	0.00
		.60	525.90	1.50	703.	4040.	6.25	41.50	0.00
		.50	525.68	1.28	693.	3365.	5.50	41.50	0.00
		.40	525.43	1.03	681.	2653.	4.50	41.50	0.00
		.30	525.10	.70	667.	1904,	3,50	42.00	0.00
		.20	524.24	0.00	629.	1083.	0.00	42.75	0.00
		.10	522.61	0.00	558.	509.	0.00	43.00	0.00

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wo	1	B	D	5

DAN SAFETY VER LAST HODIFIC		JULY 1										WOLFE
**********						•						
1	A1		AKE LEHM	AN DAM	****	POWDER	HILL CRE	EK				
2	A2				, YORK CO							
3	A3			00341								
4 .	В	300	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	•
5	Bi	5					•					
6	J	1	9	1								
7	J1	1	•85	•7	•6	•5	. 4	•3	•2	.1		
8	K		1					1				
9	K1		I		DROGRAPH							
10	H	1	1	2.53								
11	F		23.6	113	123	132	142					
12	T							1	•05			
13	W		.54					•				
14	X	-1.5	05	2								
15	K	1	2					1				
16	K1		R	ESERVOIR	ROUTING							
17	Y				1							
18	Y1	1						388.5	-1			
19	Y4	518	518.5	519	520	521	522	523	524	524.4	525	
20	Y4	525.5	526	527								
21	Y 5	0	56	157	444	816	1257	1757	2309	2544	3184	
22	Y 5	4411	6045	10196								
23	\$A	0	27.5	39.5	62.4							
24	\$E	476	518	520	540							
25	55	518										
26	\$D	524.4										
27	K	99										
			PREVIE	A NE SEON	ENCE OF S	TREAM N	ETWORK (יבו מוח ובי	กพร			

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO END OF NETWORK

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978 LAST HODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

RUN DATE* 80/11/20. TIME# 06.26.24.

> LAKE LEHHAN DAM **** POWDER MILL CREEK NORTH CODDRUS THP., YORK COUNTY, FA. NDI # FA-00341 PA DER # 67-480

> > JOB SPECIFICATION

IMIN METRO NQ NHR NHIN IDAY IPLT IFRT NSTAN 300 ٥ 15 0 0 0 0 NWT LROPT TRACE **JOFER** 5 0

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE FERFORHED NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 9 LRTIO= 1

RTIOS= 1.00 .85 .70 .60 .50 .40 •30 .20 .10

*******	*******	*******	*******	*******
	_0112	AGEA REMINEE COMPUTAT	T N A	

SUB-AREA RUNDEF COMPUTATION

INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAFE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO 1 ٥ 0 0 0 0 1 0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

IHYDG SNAP TRSDA TRSPC RATIO ISNOW ISAME LOCAL IUHG TAKEA 0.00 2.53 0 0 1 1 0.00 2.53 0.000

PRECIP DATA

SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96 0.00 23.60 113.00 123.00 132.00 142.00 0.00 0.00

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800

LOSS DATA

LROPT STRKR DLTKR RTIDL ERAIN STRKS RTIDK STRTL CHSTL ALSHX RTIMP 0.00

> UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA TP= 1.69 CP= .54 NTA= 0

> > RECESSION DATA

STRTQ= -1.50 QRCSN= -.05 RTIOR= 2.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 48 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES: LAG= 1.69 HOURS: CP= .54 VOL= 1.00 27. 493. 527. 507. 454. 100. 200. 315. 420. 402. 314. 278. 218. 193. 170. 151. 133. 118. 355. 246. 64. 92. 82. 72. 57. 50. 44. 39. 35. 104. 21. 17. 15. 13. 12. 27. 24. 19. 31. 8. 7. 9. 6.

END-OF-PERIOD FLOW MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN FERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q

> SUM 26.81 24.41 2.40 161309. (681.)(620.)(61.)(4567.76)

E

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

RESERVOIR ROUTING

IECON ITAPE JPLT ISTAG ICOMP JERT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO ٥ 0 1 0 2 1 ROUTING DATA QLOSS CLOSS AVG IF:MP LSTR IRES ISAME IOPT 0.0 0.000 0.00 1 TSK STORA ISPRAT NSTPS NSTDL LAG AMSKK X 1 0 0 0.000 0.000 0.000 389. -1 518.50 519.00 STAGE 518.00 520.00 521.00 522,00 523.00 524.00 524,40 525.00 525.50 526.00 527.00 56.00 157.00 444.00 1257.00 1757.00 2309,00 2544.00 FLCW 0.00 816.00 3184.00 6045.00 4411.00 10195.00

;	*******	**		***	******		***	******			*****	***	***	::::: ::		,
		,	•				HYDROGR	APH ROL	TING	i						
				RESE	RVDIR R	NITUO	iG								-	
				IST	AQ ICO 2	HP 1	IECON O	ITAPE 0		JPLT 0	JPRT 0		I STAGE	OTUAI O		
			QLOSS 0.0	0.0		VG 00	ROUT IRES 1	ING DAT ISAME O		1901 0	IPMP O		LSTR 0			
				NST		DL O	LAG 0	AMSKK 0.000		X 000.	TSK 0.000	STOR 389	A ISPRAT			
STAGE	518.00 525.50		518.5 526.0		519.0 527.0		520.0	0	521.	00	522.0	0	523.00	524.00	524.40	525.00
FLOW	0.00 4411.00		56.0 6045.0		157.0 10196.0		444.0	0	816.	00	1257.0	0	1757.00	2309.00	2544.00	3184.00
SURFACE ARE	:A=	0.		28.	40	•	62.									
CAPACIT	'γ=	0.	;	385.	452	•	1462.									
ELEVATIO)N=	476	,	518.	520	•	540,									
				CREL	SPWID 0.0		DQ₩ 0.0		ELEVI 0.0			AREA 0.0	EXPL 0.0			
							TOPEL 524.4	C00			DAMWID					
PEAK OUTFLOW	IS	6760	. AT TI	IME -	41.50 HO	JRS										
PEAK OUTFLOW	IS	5728	. AT T	IME	41.50 HO	URS						. •				
PEAK GUTFLOW	I IS	4701	. AT T	IHE	41.50 Hū	urs	,									
PEAK OUTFLOO	I IS	3950	5. AT T	IME	41.75 H	URS										
PEAK OUTFLO	W IS	310	6. AT T	TIME	42.00 H	OURS										
FEAK OUTFLO	W IS				42.25 H											
PEAK GUTFLO					42.50 H											
PEAK OUTFLO					42.50 H											
PEAK CUTFLO	J₩ 15	'ن	70 HI	1100	741/3											

FEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUBMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-KATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET FER SECOND (CUBIC METERS FER SECOND) AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE NILOMETERS)

OFERATION	STATION	area	FLAN	RATIO 1 1.00	RATIO 2		FLIED TO F RATIO 4 .60	LOWS RATIO 5	RAJIO 6	RATIO 7	RATIO 8	RATIO 5
HYDROGRAPH AT	1 (2.53 6.55)	1	67 89. 192.24)(5771. 163.40)(4752. 134.57)(4073. 115.34)(339 4. 96.12)(2716. 76.90)(2037 . 57.67)(1358• 38•45)(679. 19,22,
ROUTED TO	2	2.53 6.55)	1	6760. 191,42)(5728. 162.21)(4701. 133.13)(3956. 112.01)(3106. 87.96)(2368. 67.04)(17 49. 49.51)(1142. 32.35)(548. 15.53
1					SUMMARY OF	F DAM SAFE	TY ANALYSI	S				

flan	1	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	, 3	VALUE 1.11 188. 12.	518.00 385. 0.	ŀ	05 DAM 524.40 635. 2544.	
	RATIO	HUHIXAH	MAXIMUM	HUHIXAM	MUHIXAM	DURATION	TIME OF	TIME OF
	0F	RESERVOIR	DEPTH	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	OVER TOP	NAX OUTFLOW	FAILURE
	PHF	W.S.ELEV	OVER DAM	AC-FT	CFS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
	1.00	526.17	1.77	715.	6760.	5,25	41.50	0.00
	∙85	525.90	1.50	703.	5728.	4.50	41.50	0.00
	•70	525.59	1.19	689.	4701.	3.75	41.50	0.00
	.60	525.31	.91	676.	3956.	3.00	41.75	0.00
	.50	524.93	•53	659.	3106.	2.00	42.00	0.00
	. 40	524.10	0.00	622.	2368.	0.00	42.25	0.00
	•30	522.98	0.00	574.	1749.	0.00	42.50	0.00
	.20	521.74	0.00	522.	1142.	0.00	42.50	0.00
	,10	520.28	0.00	463.	548.	0.00	42,75	0.00

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	18884400	454444	**									205 30
1	A1	LA	NE LEHHA	N DAM	****	POWDER I	HILL CRE	EK				NOIFBUS
2	A2	NO	ORTH CODO	RUS TWP.	york co	IUNTY, PI	Α.					
3	A3	N)I # PA-0	0341	PA DER	# 67-48	0					9
4	В	300	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	-4	0	,
5	B1	5							-			
6	J	1	9	1								
7	J1	1	٠85	•7	•6	•5	• 4	•3	•2	•1		*
8	K		1					1				
9	K1		IN	IFLOW HI	rdrograph						-	
10	H	1	1	2.53								
11	P		23.6	113	123	132	142					
12	Ţ							1	•05			
13	¥	1.69	•54									
14	X	-1.5	05	2								
15	K	1	2					1.				
16	K1		RE	SERVOIR	ROUTING			:				
17	Y				1							
18	Y1	1						388.5	0			
19	\$A	Ō	27.5	39.5	62.4							
20	\$E	476	518	520	540							
21	55	518	40.5	3.88	1.5							
22	\$D	525	2.7	1.5	645							
23	K	99		***	0,0							
1	ı,	• •	PREVIEW	OF SEQU	JENCE OF S	STREAM N	ETWORK (CALCULATIO	CNS			

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 1
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 2
END OF NETWORK

1****************************

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

RUN DATE* 80/11/25. TIME* 05.42.10.

LAKE LEHMAN DAM **** FOWDER HILL CREEK NORTH CODORUS TWP., YCRK COUNTY, PA.

NDI * PA-00341 PA DER * 67-480

JOB SPECIFICATION NO NHR NHIN IDAY IHR IHIN METRO IPLT IFRT MSTAN 0 -4 0 300 0 15 0 0 0 0 JOPER NWT LROPT TRACE 5 0 0

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE FERFORMED

NPLAN= 1 NRTID= 9 LRTID= 1

RTIOS= 1.00 .85 .70 .60 .50 .40 .30 .20 .10

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

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ministra ministra ministra ministra ministra
                                     SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION
                                                                                        10
                              THE ON HYDROGRAPH
                               ISTAG ICOMP IECOM ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO
                               1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
                                          HYDROGRAPH DATA
                      IHYDG IUHG TAREA SNAP TRSDA TRSPC RATIO ISNOW ISAME LOCAL
                       1 1 2.53 0.00 2.53 0.00 0.000 0 0
                                            PRECIP DATA
                            SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96
                            0.00 23.60 113.00 123.00 132.00 142.00 0.00 0.00
       TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800
                                            LOSS DATA
                   LROPT STRKR DLTKR RTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOK STRTL CHSTL ALSHX RTIMP
)
                     UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
                                      TP= 1.69 CP= .54 NTA= 0
                                          RECESSION DATA
                                 STRTQ= -1.50 QRCSN= -.05 RTIGR= 2.00
                   UNIT HYDROGRAPH 48 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 1.69 HOURS, CP= .54 VOL= 1.00
                  27. 100. 200. 315. 420. 493. 527. 507. 454.
                                                   193.
                                                                  151.
                                                                         133.
                                                                                 118.
                                                            170.
                               278.
                                       246. 218.
                         314.
                  355.
                                                                 44.
                                                                        39.
                                                           50.
                                                                                 35.
                               82. 72. 64. 57.
                        92.
                  104.
                        27. 24. 21. 19. 17. 15. 13. 8. 7. 6. 6. 5. 4. 4.
                                                                                 10.
                                                                          12.
                   31.
                   9.
                                        END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
             MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q
                                                                 SUM 26.81 24.41 2.40 151309.
                                                                    ( 681.)( 620.)( 61.)( 4567.76)
                          ********* ********* *********
                  ********
                                       HYDROGRAFH ROUTING
                               RESERVOIR ROUTING
                                ISTAD ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLI JPRT INAME ISTAGE TAUTO
                                2 1 0 0 0
                                                            0 1 0
                                             ROUTING DATA
                                                           IFMP LSTR
                                            IRES ISAME IOPT
                           GLOSS CLOSS AVG
                                                        0
                                                            0
                                           1 0
                            0.0 0.000 0.00

        MSTPS
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        1
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        339.
        0

                               28. 40. 62.
 )
          SURFACE AREA=
                       0.
                              385. 452. 14a2.
            CAPACITY=
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SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION
                                                                                      10
                              INFLOW HYDROGRAPH
                              ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO
                                1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
                                         HYDROGRAPH DATA

        IVDG
        IUHG
        TAREA
        SNAP
        TRSDA
        TRSPC
        RATIO
        ISNOW
        ISAME
        LOCAL

        1
        1
        2.53
        0.00
        2.53
        0.00
        0.000
        0
        0
        0

                      IHYDG
                                           PRECIP DATA
                           SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96 0.00 23.60 113.00 123.00 132.00 142.00 0.00 0.00
       TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800
                                           LOSS DATA
                  LROPT STRKR DLTKR RTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOK STRTL CNSTL ALSMX RTIMP
                   UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
                                     TP= 1.69 CP= .54 NTA= 0
                                         RECESSION DATA
                                UNIT HYDROGRAPH 48 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 1.69 HOURS, CP= .54 VOL= 1.00
                  27. 100. 200. 315. 420. 493. 527. 507. 454.
                              278.
                  355.
                        314.
                                   246. 218. 193. 170.
                                                                151. 133.
                                                                               118.
                              82. 72. 64. 57. 50.
24. 21. 19. 17. 15.
                       92.
                                                                44. 39.
                  104.
                                                                              35.
                                            19. 17. 15.
6. 5. 4.
                  31. 27.
                                                                 13. 12.
                        8.
                               7.
                                      END-OF-PERIOD FLOW
            MO.DA HR.MN FERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q
)
                                                               SUM 26.81 24.41 2.40 151309.
                                                                  ( 631.)( 620.)( 61.)( 4567.76)
                 HYDROGRAPH ROUTING
                     RESERVOIR ROUTING
                              ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JELT JERT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO
                               2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
                                           ROUTING DATA
                                                               LSTR
                                        IRES ISAHE IOPT IFMP
                         QLOSS CLOSS AVG
                          0.0 0.000 0.00 1 0
                                                      0 0
                               NSTPS NSTDL LAG AMSKK X TSK STORA ISPRAT
                               1 0 0 0.000 0.000 0.000 339. 0
)
                                         62.
                     0.
                            28. 40.
         SURFACE AREA=
                     0.
                             385. 452. 1462.
           CAPACITY=
)
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********			*******	***	******		*****	****	*******		
				HYDROGR	APH ROUT	ING					
·		RES	ERVOIR ROU	ITING :	-						
	Q	LOSS CL	TAQ ICOHF 2 1 .0SS AVE	. Q ROUT G IRES		O IOPT	0 IFHP		ISTAGE 0 LSTR 0	OTUAI O	
				. LAG			TSK	ΔεΩΤΩ	ISPRAT		
		,,,) 0				389.			
SURFACE AREA=	0.	28.	40.	62.							
CAPACITY=	0.	385.	452.	1462.							
ELEVATION=	476.	518,	520.	540.							
		CREL 518.0	SFWID 40.5			VL (REA E			
					DAM COOD 2.7		DAKWID 645.				
PEAK OUTFLOW IS	6753. A	T TIME 4	1.50 HOURS	٠							
PEAK DUTFLOW IS	5731. A	T TIHE 4	1.50 HOURS								
PEAK OUTFLOW IS	4 68 3. A	T TIME 4	1.50 HOURS								
FEAK OUTFLOW IS	3931. A	T TIME 4	1.75 HOURS								
PEAK OUTFLOW IS	3035. A	T TIHE 4	2.25 HOURS								
PEAK OUTFLOW IS	2371. A	T TIHE 4	2.25 HOURS								
FEAK OUTFLOW IS	1752. A	T TIME 4	2.50 HOURS								
PEAK OUTFLOW IS	1143. A	T TIME 4	2.50 HOURS								
PEAK OUTFLOW IS	548. A	T TIHE 4	2.75 HOURS								

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PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-KATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	STATION	area	PLAN	RATIO 1 1.00	RATIO 2 .85	RATIOS API RATIO 3 .70	FLIED TO FI RATIO 4 .60	LOUS RATIO 5	RATIO 6	RATIO 7	RATIO 8	RATIO 9
HYDROGRAPH AT	T 1 (2.53 6.55)	1	6789. 192.24)(5771. 163.40)(4752. 134.57)(4073. 115.34)(3394. 96.12)(2716. 76.90)(2037 . 57.67)(1358. 38.45)(679. 19.22)
ROUTED TO	2	2.53 6.55)	1 (6753. 191.21)(5731. 162.29)(4683. 132.62)(3931. 111.30)(3035. 85.93)(2371 . 67.13)(1752. 49.60)(1143. 32.38)(548. 15.52)

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

FLAN 1		INITIAL		SFILLWAY CR		OF DAM	
	ELEVATION		.11	518.00		525.00	
	STORAGE	3	38.	335.		662.	
	OUTFLOW		5.	0.		2910.	
RATIO	HUKIXAK	HAXIHUH	MAXIMUM	MUHIXAM	DURATION	TIME OF	TIME OF
OF	RESERVOIR	Defth	STORAGE	0UTFL0₩	AOT ABAG	MAX OUTFLOW	FAILURE
PMF	W.S.ELEV	OVER DAM	AC-FT	CFS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
1.00	526.41	1.41	726.	6753.	4.50	41.50	0.00
•85	526.13	1.13	713.	5731.	4.00	41.50	0.00
.70	525.80	.80	698.	4683.	3,25	41.50	0.00
.60	525.53	•53	686.	3931.	2.25	41.75	0.00
. 50	525.10	.10	667.	3035.	₊ 75	42.25	0.00
•40	524.11	0.00	622.	2371.	0.00	42+25	0.00
•30	522.99	0.00	574.	1752.	0.00	42.50	0.00
•20	521.75	0.00	523.	1143.	0.00	42.50	0.00
.1C	520.30	0.00	464.	548.	0.00	42.75	0.00

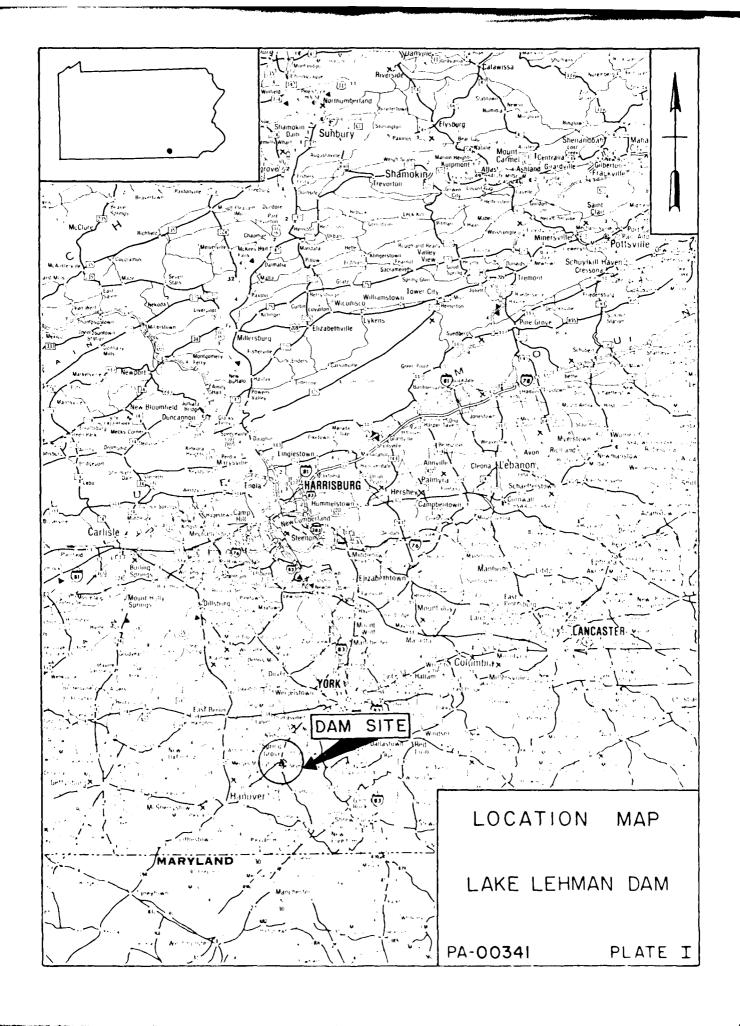
EDI ENCOUNTERED.

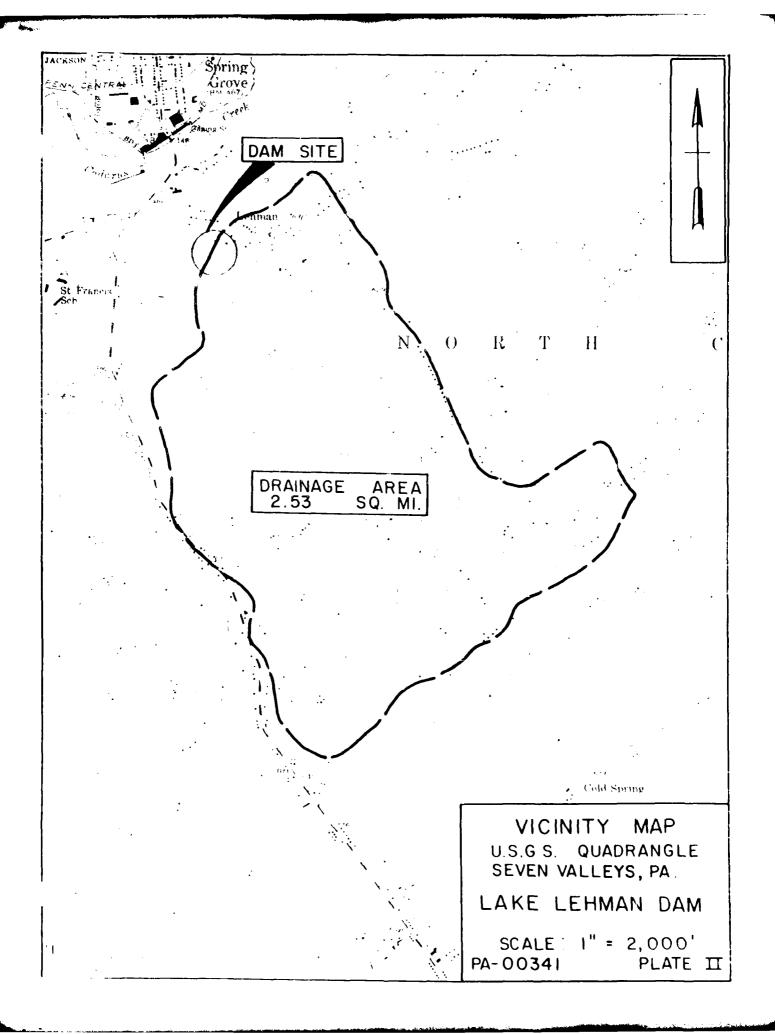
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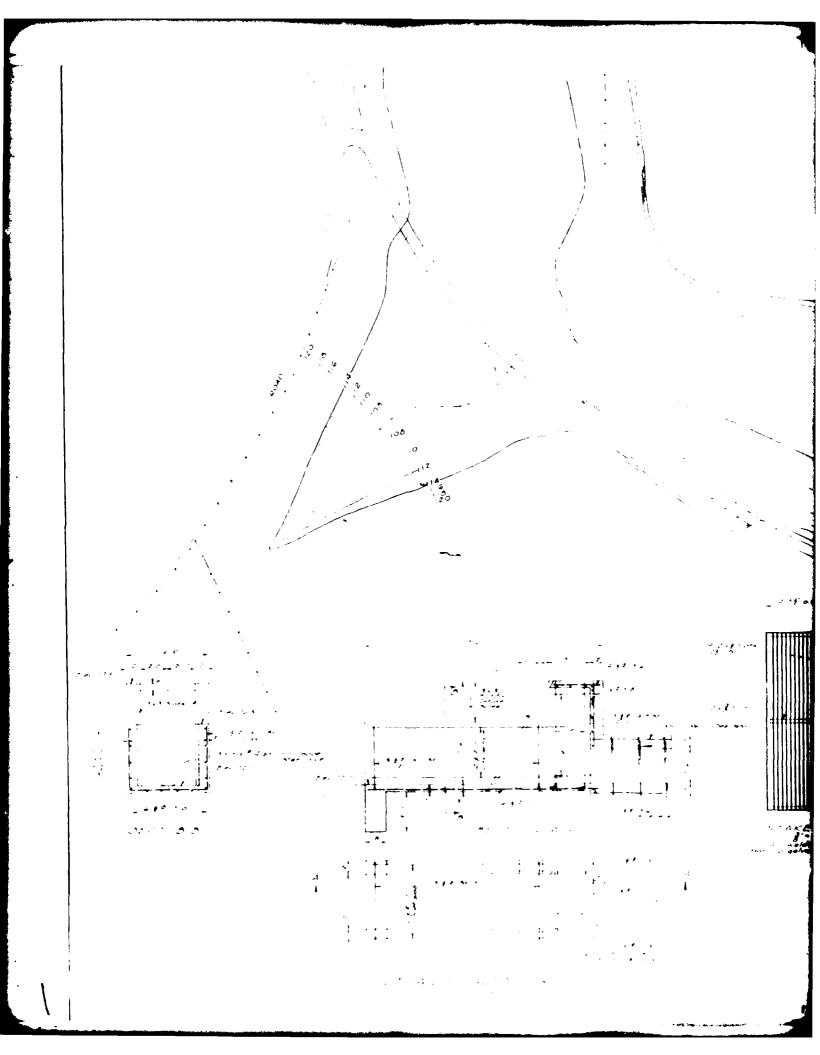
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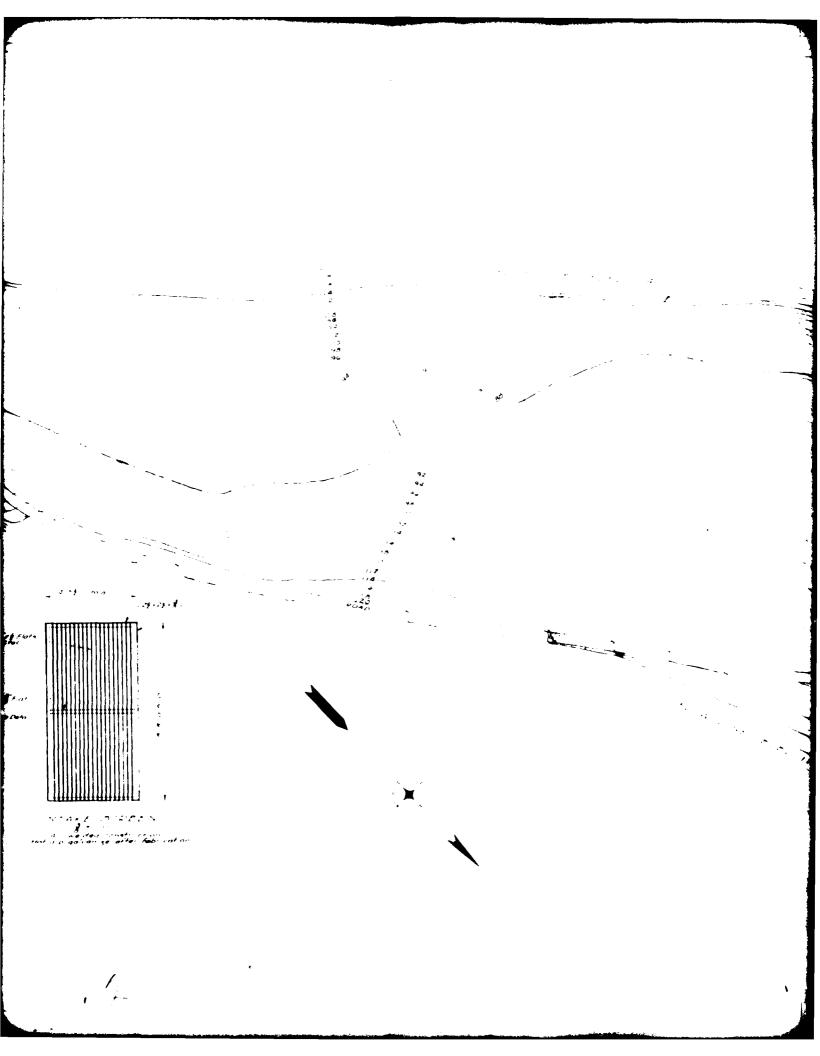
APPENDIX E

PLATES

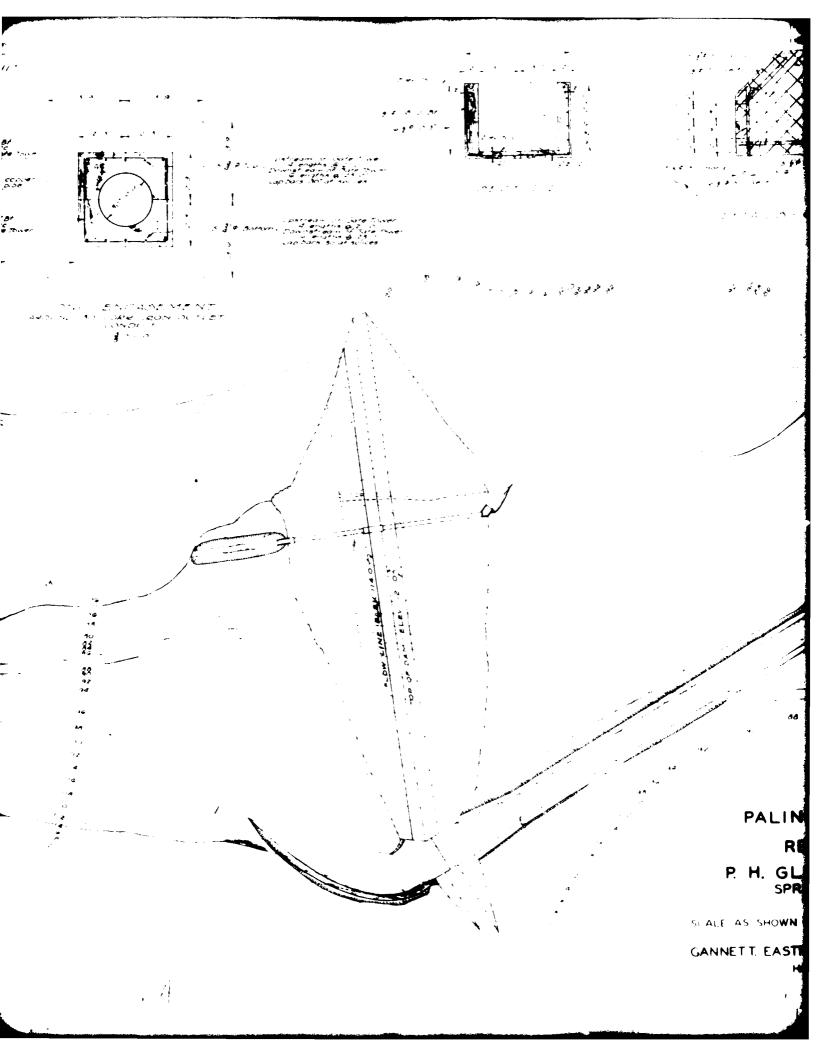


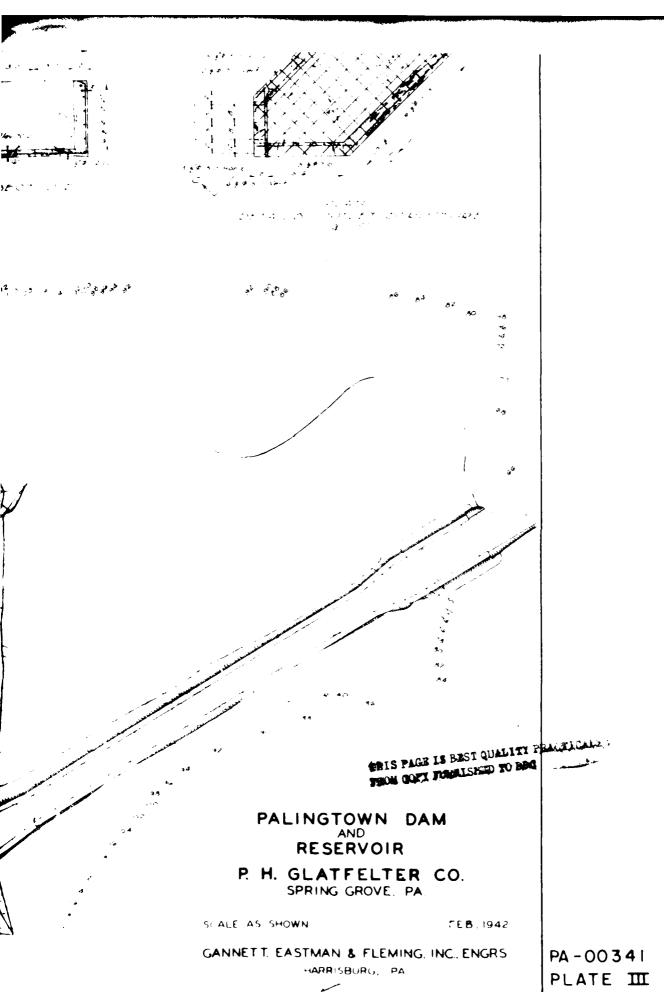


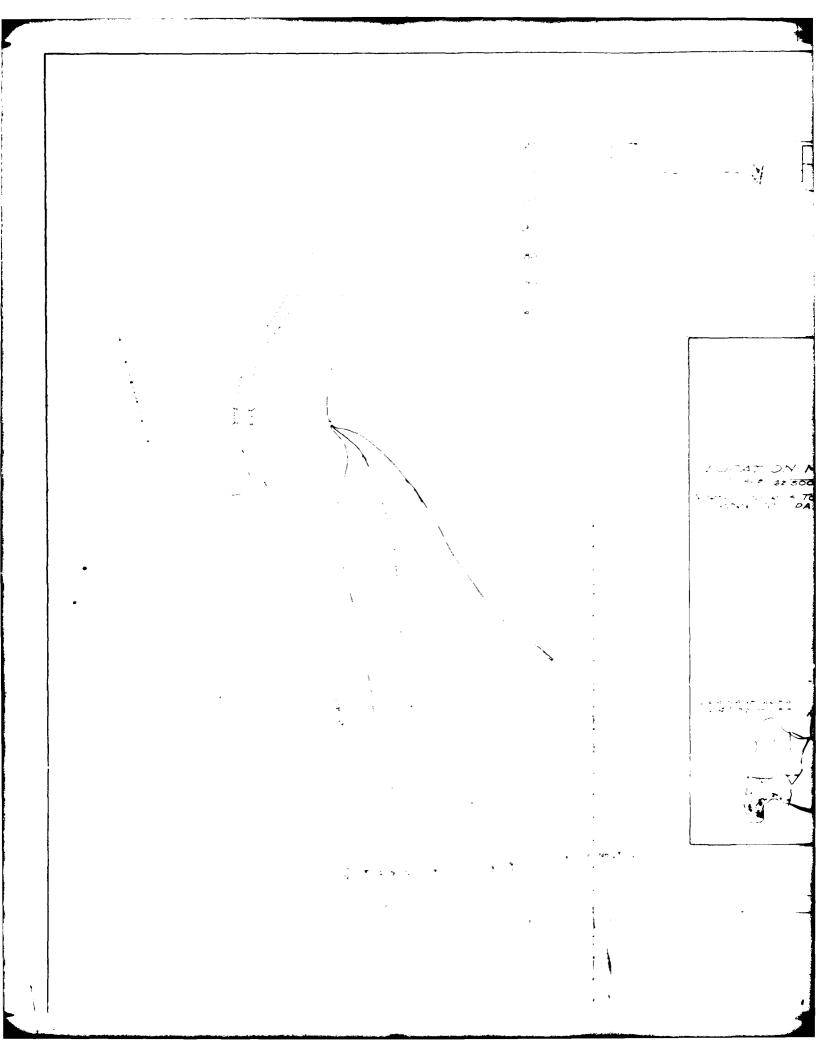




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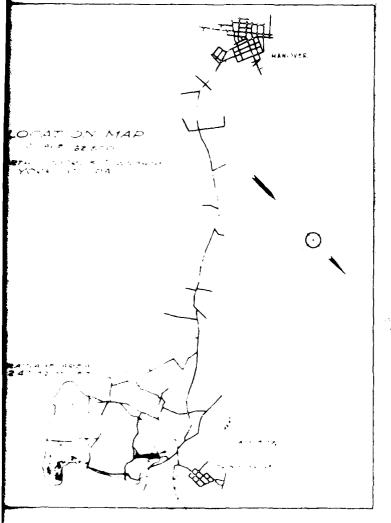


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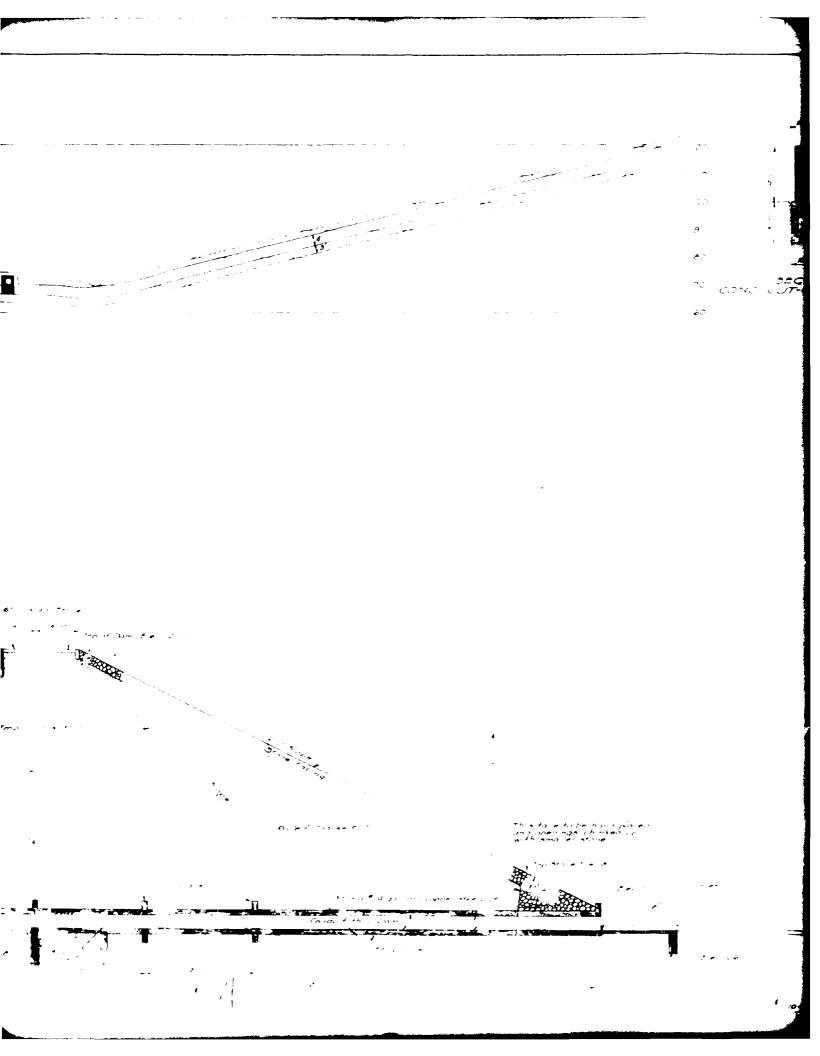
Top Cut Off Wal

Dottom Cut Off Wall-3

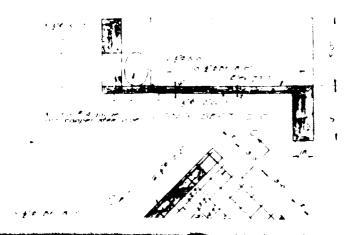
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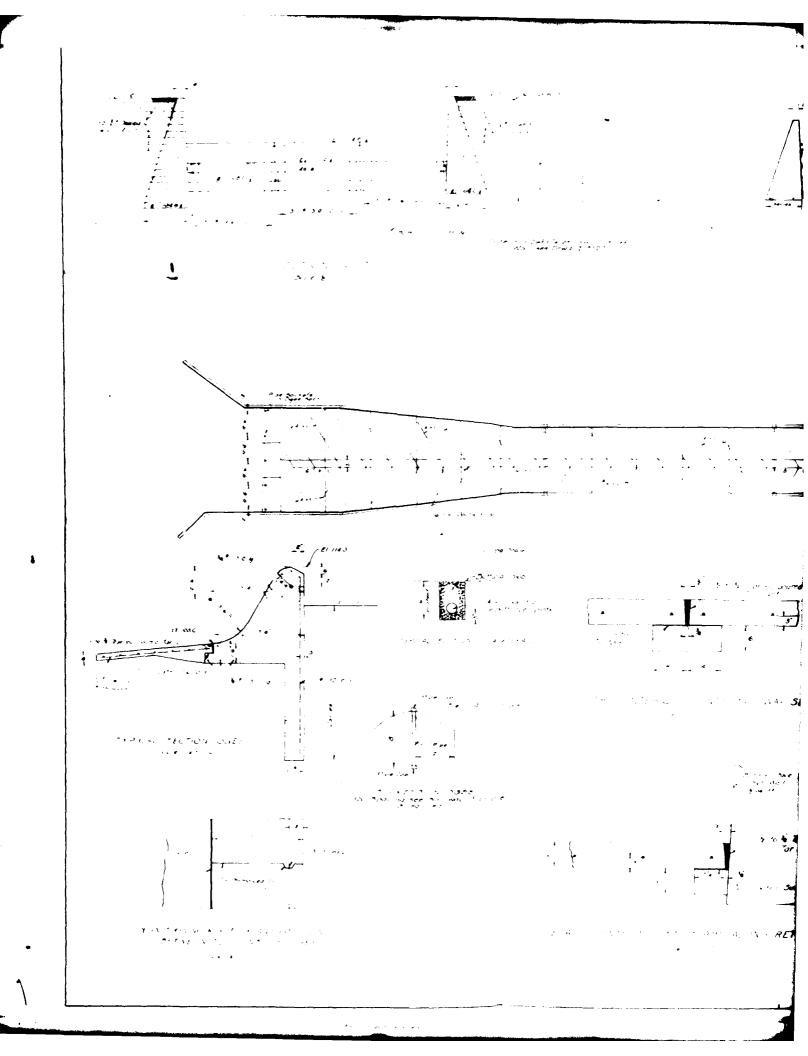
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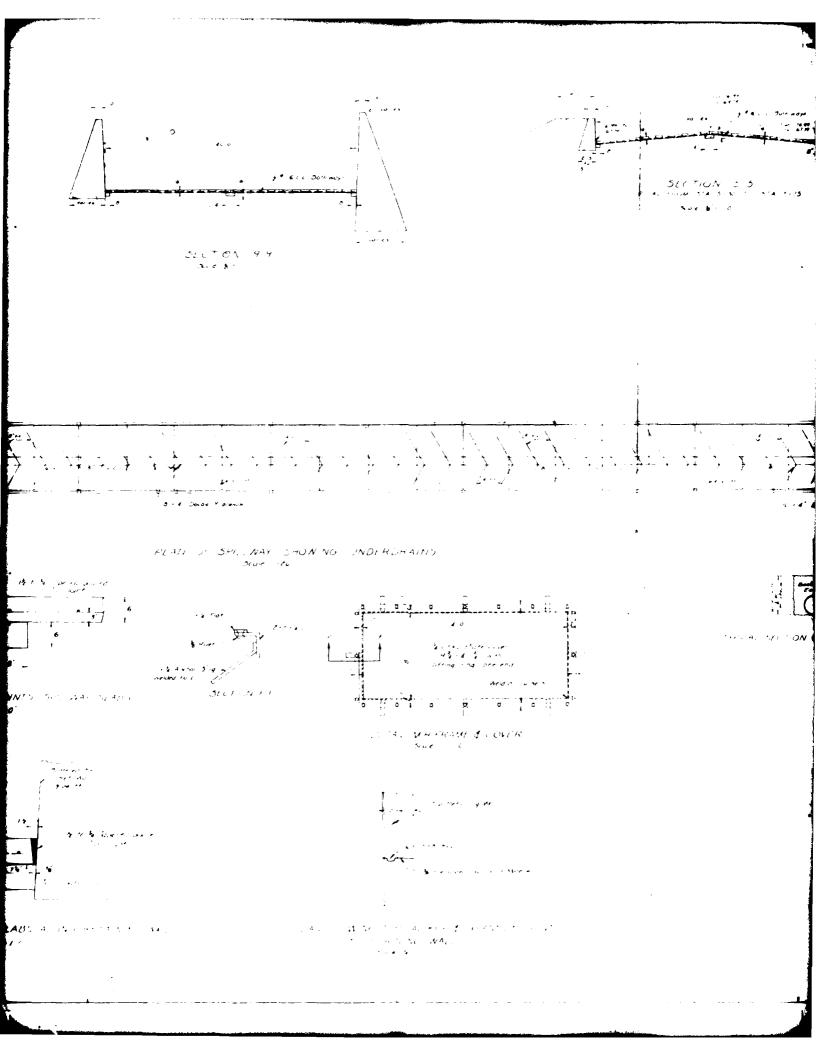


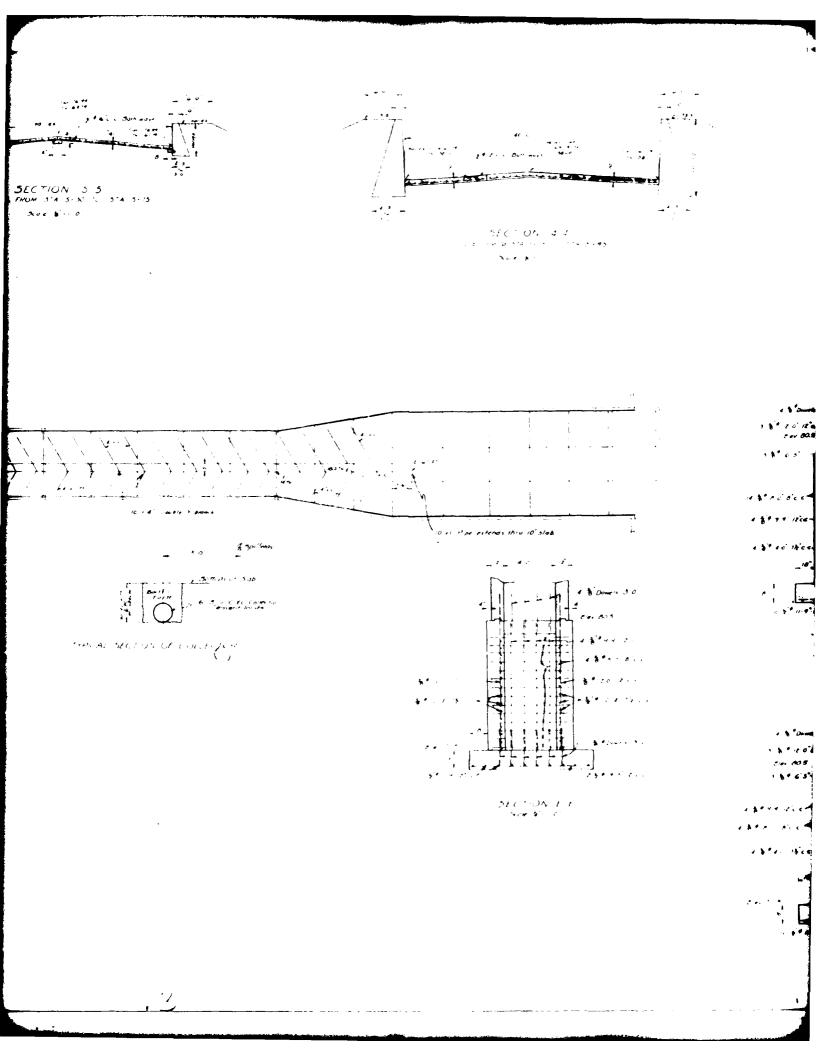
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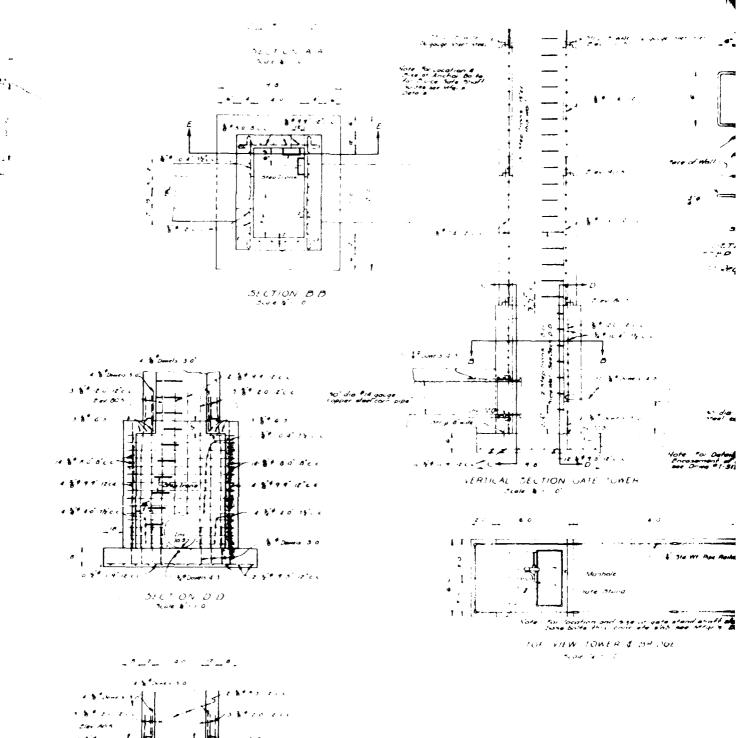


PA-00341 PLATE IX









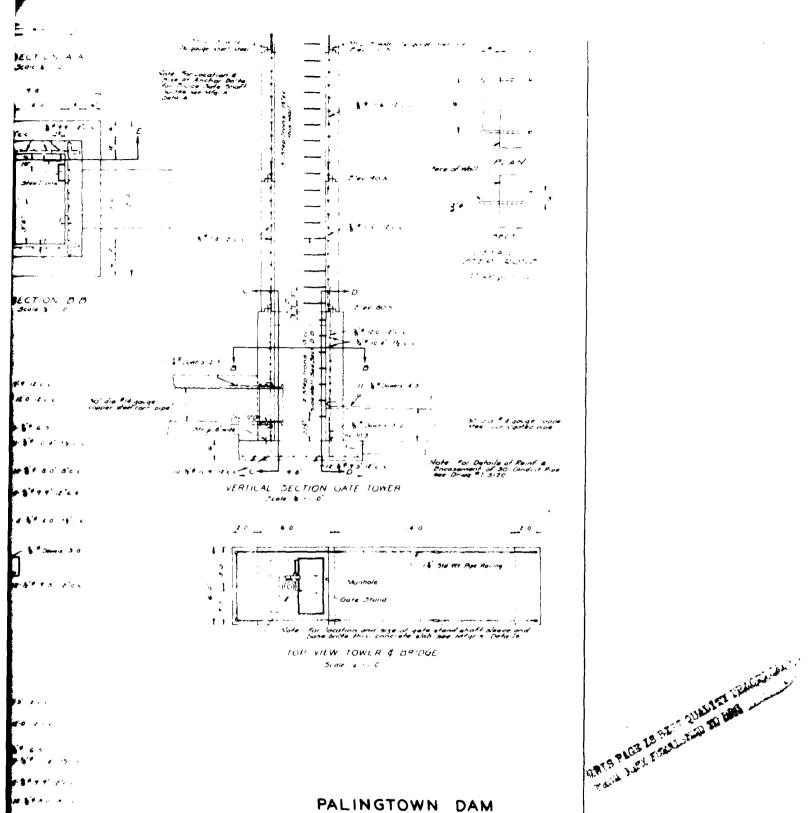
PALINGTOWN DAM

RESERVOIR

P. H. GLATFELTER C SPRING GROVE PA.

STALL AS SHOWN

GANNETT EASTMAN & FLEMING IN



TOP VIEW TOWER & BRIDGE Scale 4 . C

PALINGTOWN DAM AND RESERVOIR P. H. GLATFELTER CO.

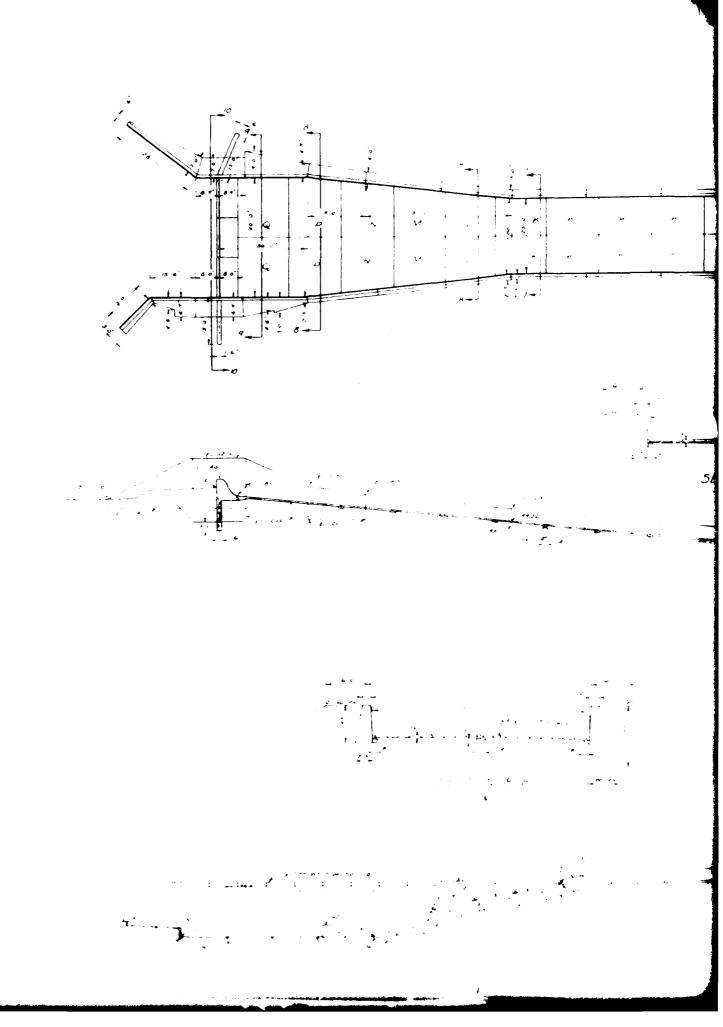
SPRING GROVE PA

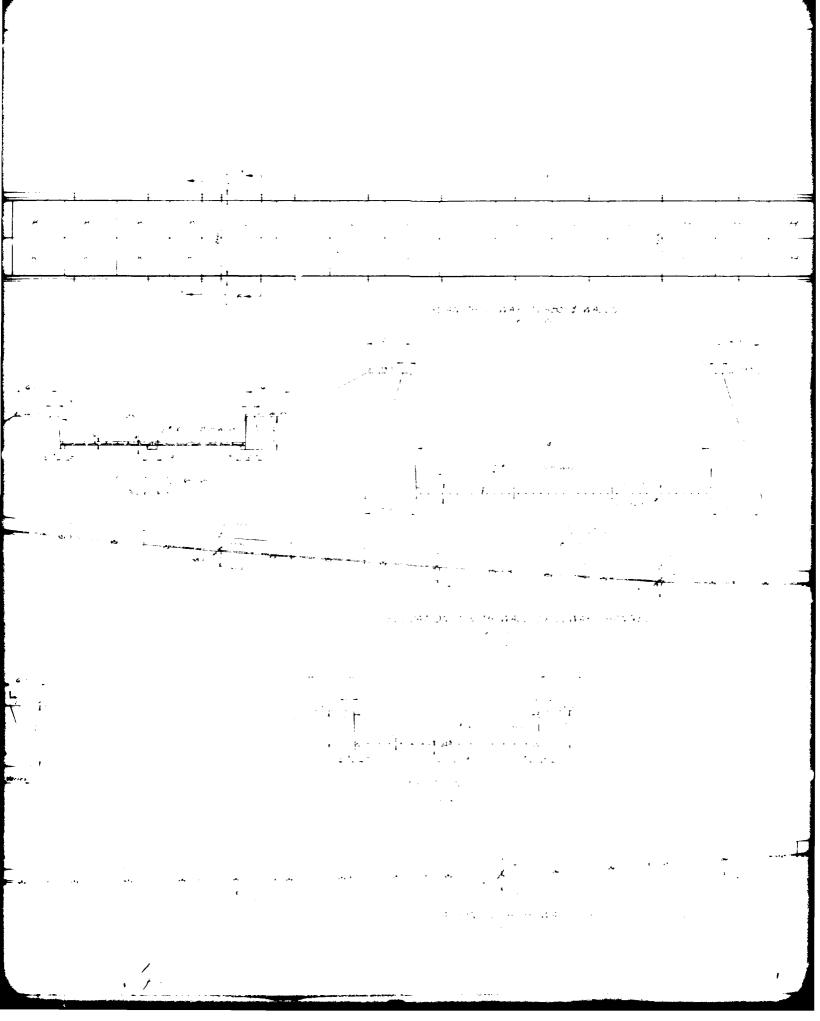
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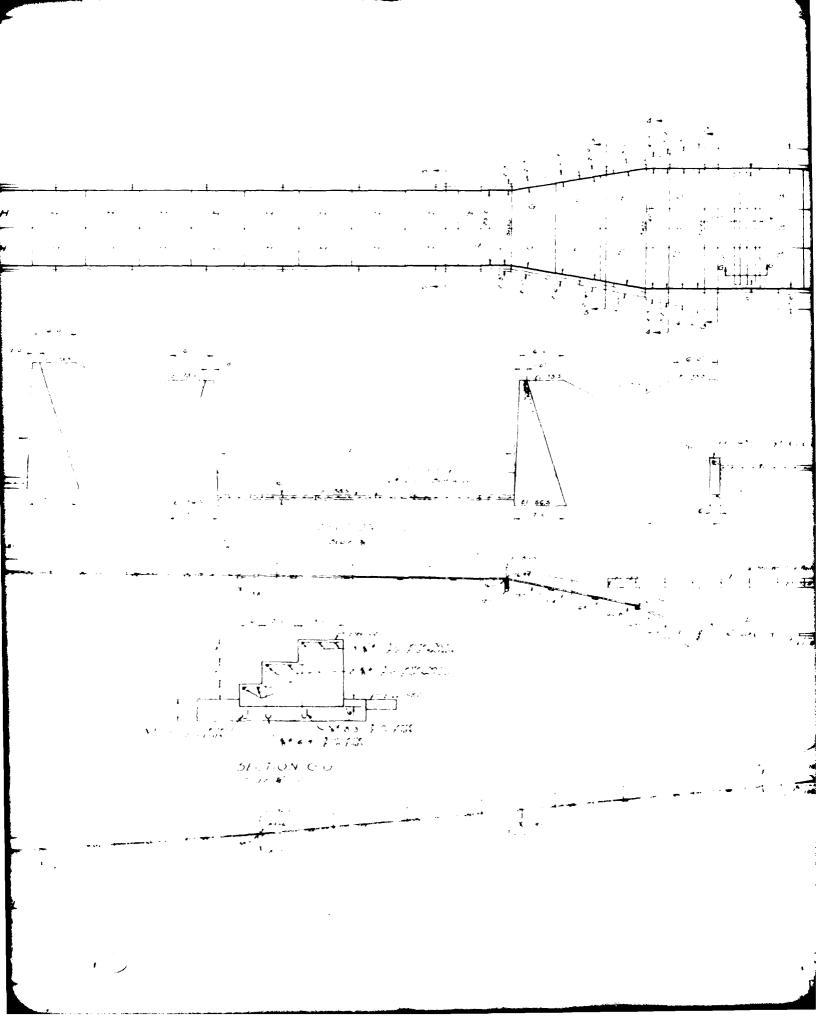
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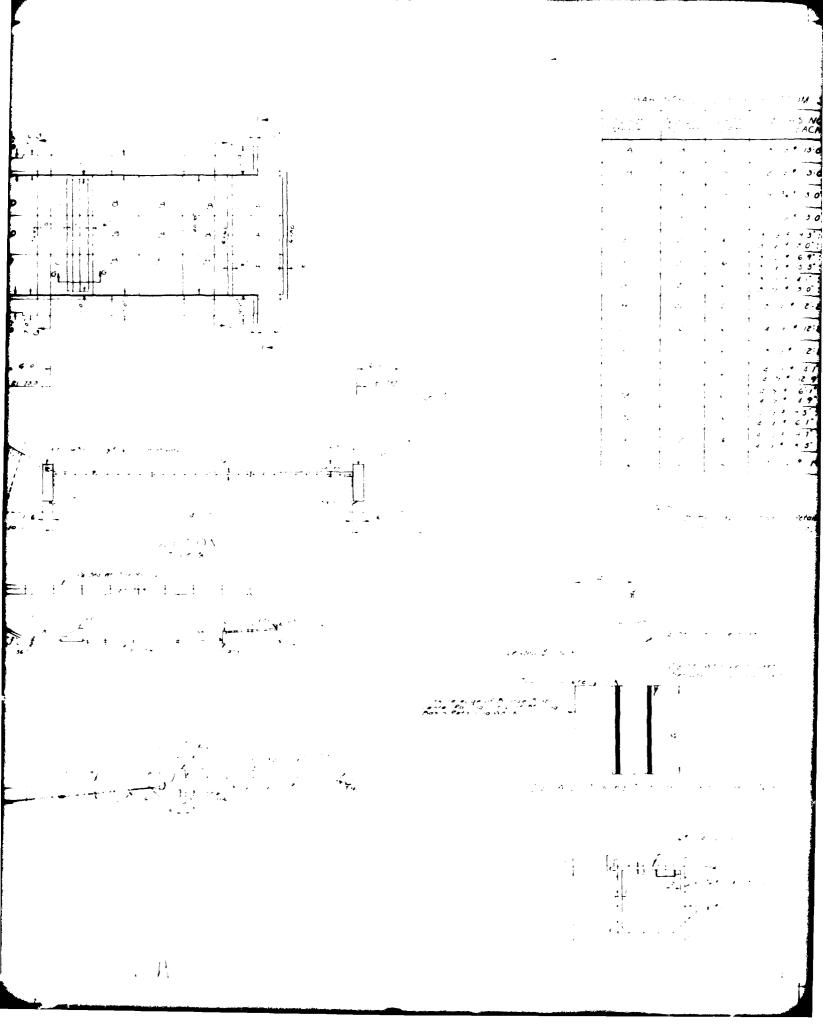
GANNETT EASTMAN & FLEMING INC ENGRS HAPPISBURG PA

PA-00341 PLATE Y





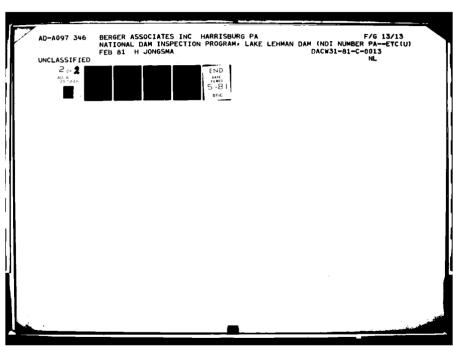




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PLATE VI



APPENDIX F

GEOLOGIC REPORT

GEOLOGIC REPORT

BEDROCK - DAM AND RESERVOIR

The reservoir area overlies two major formations, the Harpers and the Chickes formations. The dam itself is over the Harpers formation. This formation consists of dark gray, fine grained, quartzose phyllite, with interlayered, dense, green ferroginous quartzite and magnitite bearing gray quartzite.

STRUCTURE

The characteristic structure of this formation is close spaced, well developed cleavage and joint systems which dip steeply.

OVERBURDEN

The overburden in this area consists of two well drained loams, the Chewacla silt loam (Ck) and the Manor Channery loam (MfC2). The average depth to bedrock for the chewacla silt loam is 4-6' and for the manor channery loam, 2-4 feet. The formation is only moderately resistant to weathering and often produces a zone of highly fractured rock between the natural overburden and sound bedrock.

AQUIFER CHARACTERISTICS

Like all shistose formations, the harpers formation yields little water. The median yield is 14 gpm and it has a permeability of 0-6 feet per day. Subsurface seepage should be of little concern with this formation except in the weathered zone.

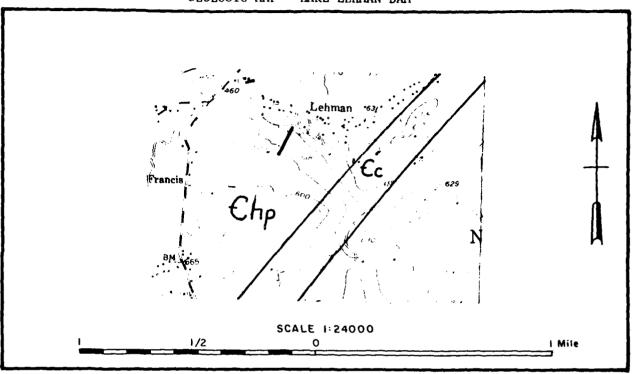
DISCUSSION

From the available plans, it is assumed that the main trench of the dam was excavated to bedrock. If this is the case, the harpers formation provides for a good foundation base. However, since the Harpers formation is only moderately resistant to weathering and complete break-up of the rock occurs frequently, this weathering could result in a zone more susceptible to water transport. Reports indicate that a concrete core wall was keyed in the underlying rock.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

- 1. Hall, George M., 1932. Ground Water in South Eastern Pennsylvania: Pennsylvania Geological Survey W-2.
- 2. Lloyd, O.B., and Growitz, D.J., 1977. Ground Water Resources of Central and Southern York County, Pennsylvania: Pennsylvania Geological Survey W-42.

- 3. Wilshusen, J.P., 1979. Environmental Geology of the Greater York Area, York County: Pennsylvania Geological Survey EG-6.
- 4. Soil Survey, York County, 1963. United States Department of Agriculture.
- 5. Ashley, G.H., 1942. Report of Conditions at the Dam Site South of Spring Grove, York County, Personal Investigation.



LEGEND

Chp Harpers Formation

Cc Chickies Formation